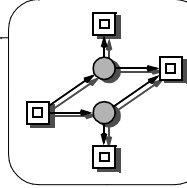


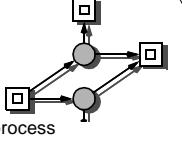
# SOFTWARE MODELLING WITH PETRI NETS



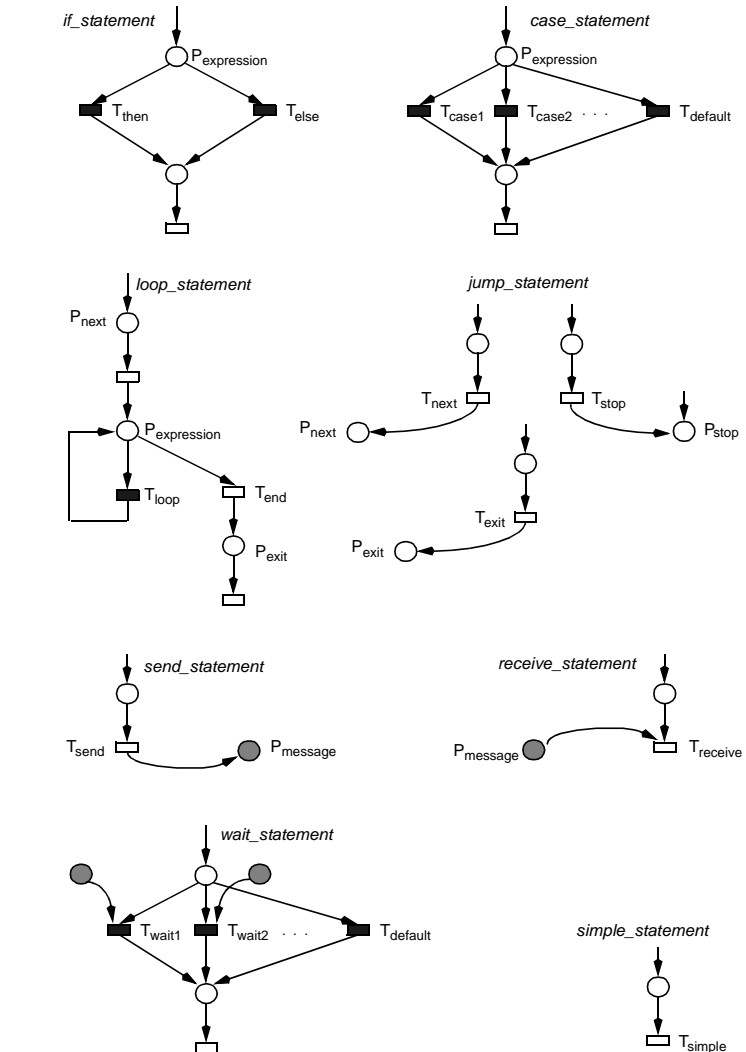
## STEP-WISE MODELLING

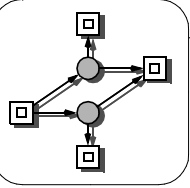
- according system structure
  - > *each sequential process separately*
  - > *composition of processes*  
*system of interacting concurrent processes (ICP)*
  
- according process structure
  - > *control structure model (csm)*  
*as place/transition net*
  - > *control flow model (cfm)*  
*as place/transition net or*  
*as coloured net*  
  
*cfm = csm + control variables*
  - > *data flow model*
  
- abstractions
  - > *data,*  
*extend depends on model purpose*
  - > *time*

## CSM REFERENCE LANGUAGE

 <p>process</p>	<pre> ::= process_id@ ":" process     statement_sequence <b>#process</b> process_id@ .  statement_sequence ::= statement_sequence ";" statement                       statement .  statement          ::= if_statement                       case_statement                       loop_statement                       jump_statement                       send_statement                       receive_statement                       wait_statement                       simple_statement@ .  if_statement      ::= if if_expression@                     <b>then</b> statement_sequence                     [ <b>else</b> statement_sequence ]                     <b>#if</b> .  case_statement    ::= <b>case</b> case_expression@ <b>of</b>                     case_label@ ":" statement_sequence                     { " " case_label@ ":" statement_sequence }*                     [ <b>default</b> ":" statement_sequence ]                     <b>#case</b> .  loop_statement    ::= [ loop_label@ ":" ]                     <b>loop</b> [ loop_expression@ ]                     statement_sequence                     <b>#loop</b> [ loop_label@ ] .  jump_statement   ::= <b>next</b> loop_label@                       <b>exit</b> loop_label@                       <b>stop</b> .  send_statement    ::= <b>send</b> message@ [ <b>to</b> process_id@ ] .  receive_statement ::= <b>receive</b> message@ [ <b>from</b> process_id@ ] .  wait_statement   ::= <b>wait</b>                     message@ [ <b>from</b> process-id@ ] ":" statement_sequence                     { " " message@ [ <b>from</b> process-id@ ] ":" statement_sequence }*                     <b>#wait</b> .                 </pre>
--	---

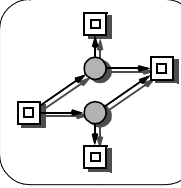
## CSM, PETRI NET COMPONENTS





## SEQUENTIAL PROCESS, CONTROL STRUCTURE MODEL (WITHOUT DATA DEPENDENCIES)

- ❑ pure
- ❑ ordinary
  - ↪ homogenous
- ❑ conservative
  - ↪ structurally bounded
- ❑ marked with exactly one token
  - ↪ safe (1-bounded)
- ❑ CPI
- ❑ all static conflicts are dynamically realizable
- ❑ SM,  
SCSM (if only structured goto's)



## CFM REFERENCE LANGUAGE (IN ADDITION TO CSM GRAMMAR)

```

case_expression@ ::= Bool_expression
                  | ordinal_expression@ .

loop_expression@ ::= Bool_expression
                  | ordinal_expression@ .

Bool_expression  ::= Bool_operand
                  | not Bool_expression
                  | Bool_expression or Bool_operand
                  | Bool_expression and Bool_operand
                  | Bool_expression "=" Bool_operand
                  | Bool_expression "/=" Bool_operand .

Bool_operand     ::= Bool_denotation
                  | Bool_variable
                  | "(" Bool_expression ")" .

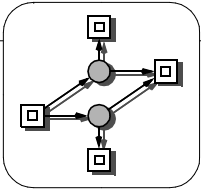
Bool_denotation  ::= true
                  | false .

Bool_variable    ::= identifier@ { of type Boolean } .

statement        ::= Bool_declaration
                  | Bool_assignment .

Bool_declaration ::= Bool Bool_variable "!=" Bool_denotation .

Bool_assignment  ::= Bool_variable "!=" Bool_expression .
  
```

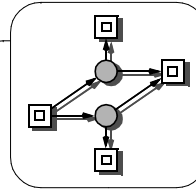


### REMARKS TO CFM GRAMMAR

- ❑ each declaration of a Boolean variable encloses its initialization
- ❑ grammar rules defining the same metanotation are additive
- ❑ for each variable, the usual data flow restrictions of static semantics apply to the order of declarative and applied occurrence
- ❑ Boolean expressions can be of any complexity

### DECLARATION OF A BOOLEAN VARIABLE A

- ❑ two places A and /A are generated
- ❑ initial marking according to the given initialization of the variable

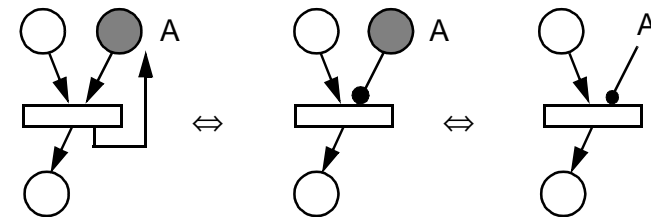


### NO ZERO TEST IN P/T NETS!

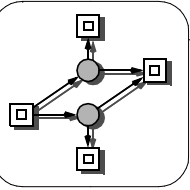
- ❑ wayout for finite, discrete data types
- each variable is modelled by as many places as there are values in the type,  
e. g. for a Boolean variable P (initializid with true)



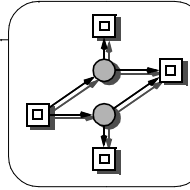
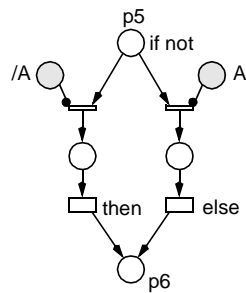
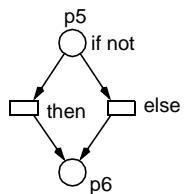
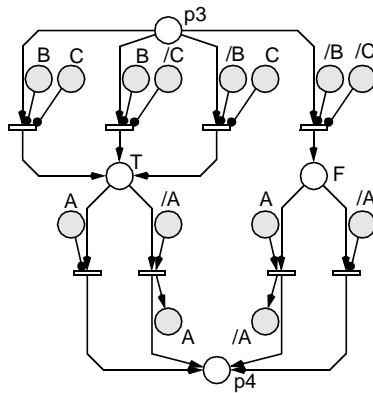
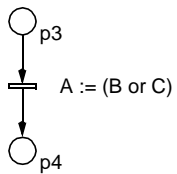
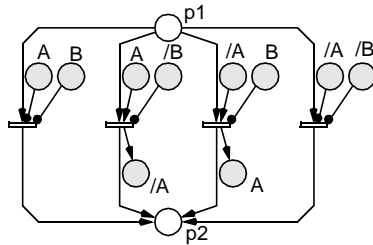
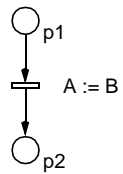
- ❑ notation agreement for test edge



A - connector (fusion node)

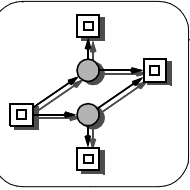


## P/T NET COMPONENTS FOR BOOLEAN OPERATIONS, EXAMPLES

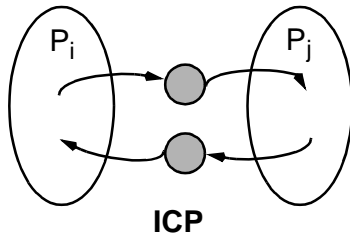


## SEQUENTIAL PROCESS, CONTROL FLOW MODEL (WITH DATA DEPENDENCIES)

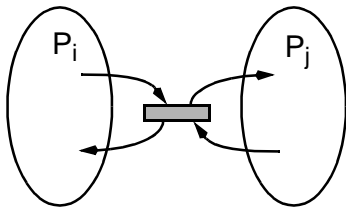
- not pure
- ordinary
  - homogenous
- conservative
  - structurally bounded
- not marked with exactly one token
  - one process counter
  - one token for each pair of Boolean places
- CPI (1-P-invariants)
  - safe (1-bounded)
- no dynamic conflicts
  - max outdegree of a reachability graph node = 1
- not ES



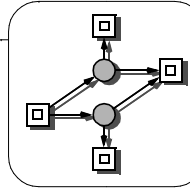
## BASIC PRINCIPLES OF PROCESS CONNECTION



## CSM - COMMUNICATING STATE MACHINES



## ICP - INTERACTING CONCURRENT PROCESSES



## PROCESS COMMUNICATION LANGUAGE CONSTRUCTS, A CLASSIFICATION

### PROCESS COMMUNICATION

#### ADDRESSING

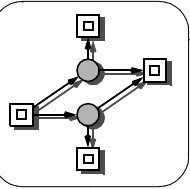
- **direct** *(one-to-one communication: sender and receiver know each other)*
- **semi-direct-by-sender** *(many-to-one communication: only the sender knows the receiver, not vice versa)*
- **semi-direct-by-receiver** *(one-to-many communication: only the receiver knows the sender, not vice versa)*
- **indirect** *(many-to-many communication: via common global objects like channels, mail boxes, monitors)*

#### SYNCHRONIZATION (of sender)

- **asynchronous** *(no-wait-send, the general case requires infinite buffer)*
- **semi-asynchronous** *(delay, if finite buffer full)*
- **(simple) synchronous** *(delay until message has been received)*
- **remote invocation** *(delay until a response has been given)*
- **hand shaking** *(delay until message has been exchanged, no buffering, direct transfer)*

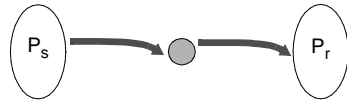
#### WAITING (of receiver)

- **deterministic** *(the choice of the message to receive occurs independently from the progress of neighbouring processes)*
- **non-deterministic** *(receiving is influenced by the available messages provided by neighbouring processes)*

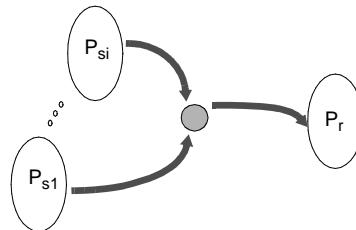


## PROCESS ADDRESSING, PETRI NET COMPONENTS

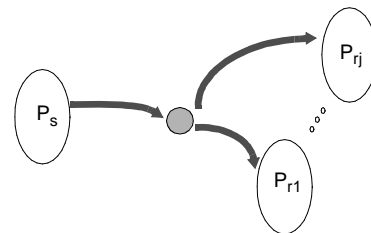
**direct**  
(only static channel conflicts)



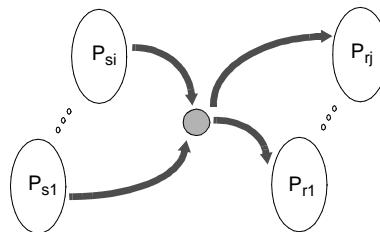
**semi-direct-by-sender**  
(only static channel conflicts)



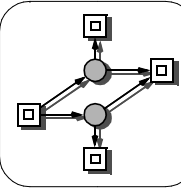
**semi-direct-by-receiver**  
(dynamic channel conflicts possible)



**indirect**  
(dynamic channel conflicts possible)

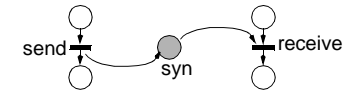


→ The pre-process  $P_s$  can send from different control points, and the post-process  $P_r$  can receive from different control points.

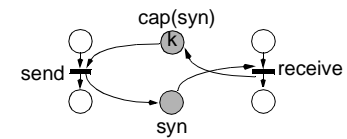


## PROCESS SYNCHRONIZATION, PETRI NET COMPONENTS

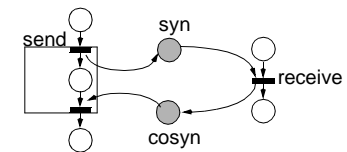
**asynchronous**  
(possibly unbounded)



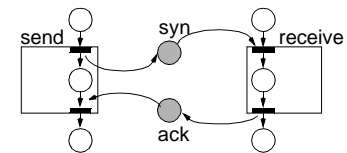
**semi-asynchronous**  
(k-bounded, locally conservative)



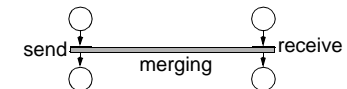
**synchronous**  
(safe, globally conservative)

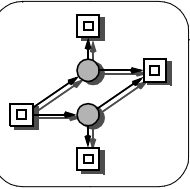


**remote invocation**  
(safe, globally conservative)



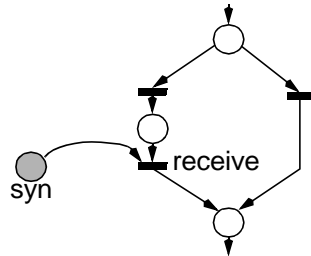
**hand-shaking**  
(safe, locally conservative)



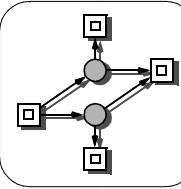
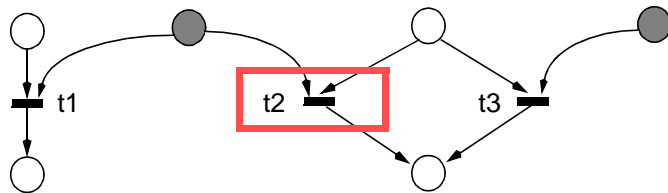
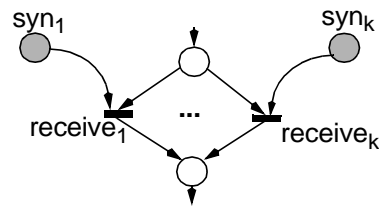


## PROCESS WAITING, PETRI NET COMPONENTS

**deterministic**  
(confusion impossible)  
pure control flow conflicts



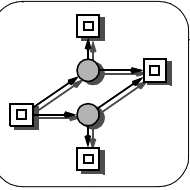
**non-deterministic**  
(confusion possible)



## MODEL OF INTERACTING CONCURRENT PROCESSES

- ordinary
  - homogeneous
- safe (1-bounded), if only
  - synchronous or
  - remote invocation or
  - rendezvous communication
- bounded, if only
  - semi-asynchronous communication




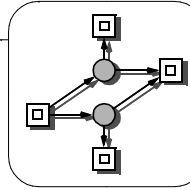


## SIMPLIFIED VIEW<sup>1</sup> ON THE INFLUENCE OF COMMUNICATION PATTERNS ON NET STRUCTURE CLASS

addressing \ waiting	direct / semi-direct-by-sender	indirect / semi-direct-by-receiver
deterministic	EFC	ES
non-deterministic	ES	ISP

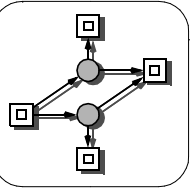
1. provided, pre- and postprocesses do not access the same communication object from different control points

 known to be time-independently live [Starke 90], i.e. a live net remains live under any constant delay timing (duration net).

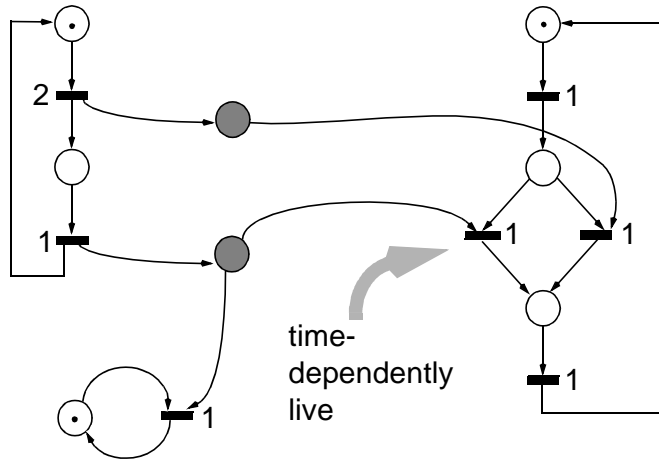


## THE INFLUENCE OF COMMUNICATION PATTERNS ON CONFLICT STRUCTURES

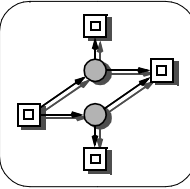
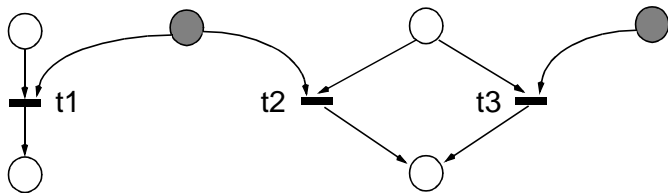
addressing \ waiting	direct / semi-direct-by-sender	indirect / semi-direct-by-receive
deterministic	no dynamic channel conflicts	channel & control flow conflicts appear only separately
non-deterministic		confusing combination of channel & control flow conflicts possible



### EXAMPLE OF A TIME-DEPENDENTLY LIVE (DURATION) CSN

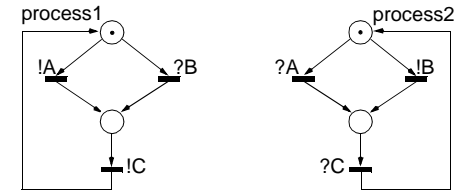


### CONFUSING COMBINATION OF CHANNEL AND CONTROL FLOW CONFLICT

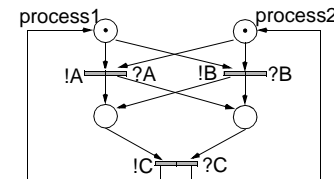


### A SIMPLE PROTOCOL IN THREE VARIANTS

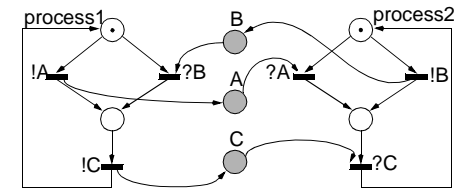
(1)  
given  
original  
process  
patterns



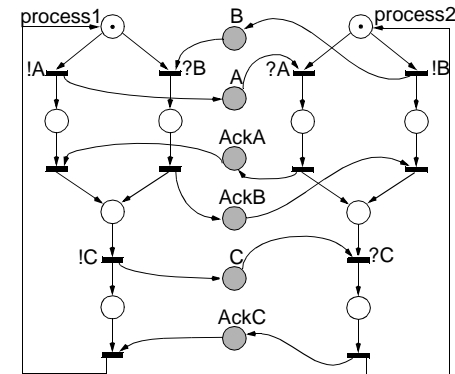
(1a)  
**rendezvous:**  
EFC,  
safe,  
live



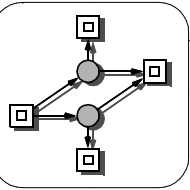
(1b)  
**asynchronous:**  
ES,  
unbounded,  
live



(1c)  
**remote  
invocation:**  
ES,  
safe,  
not live

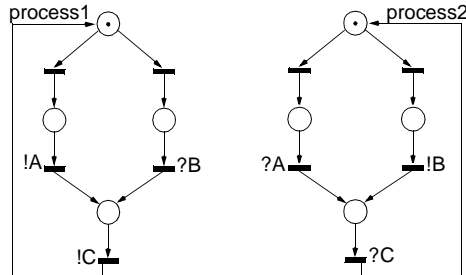


[Diaz 1986, LNCS 255]

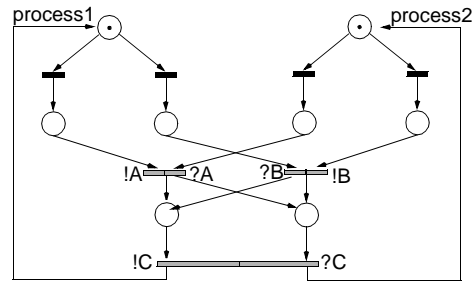


## A MODIFIED SIMPLE PROTOCOL IN THREE VARIANTS

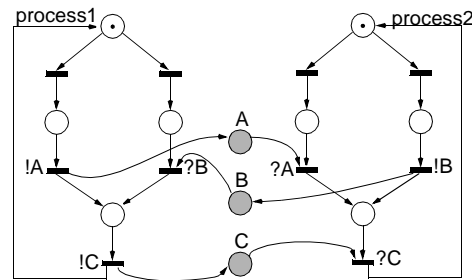
(2) given modified process patterns



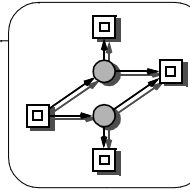
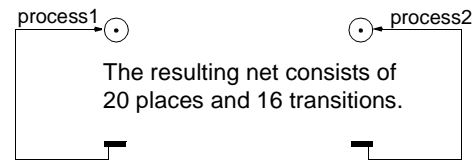
(2a) rendezvous: (E)FC, safe, not live



(2b) asynchronous: (E)FC, unbounded, not live



(2c) remote invocation: (E)FC, safe, not live



## PETRI NET GENERATOR

- preconditions
  - > *dedicated language constructs for all process interactions*
  - > *(quasi-) static amount of processes*
  - > *no run-time dependencies (like recursion, dynamic loops)*
- generated granularity
  - > *coarse-grained control structure (communication skeleton, purely sequential program parts -> transitions)*
  - > *fine-grained control structure (statement structure, each statement -> transition)*
- support of cross referencing between program and net structure: node names with source text line numbers
- automatic layout of a sequential process' structure
- program complexity measure: Number of Acyclic Paths - NAP (number of structurally possible paths)