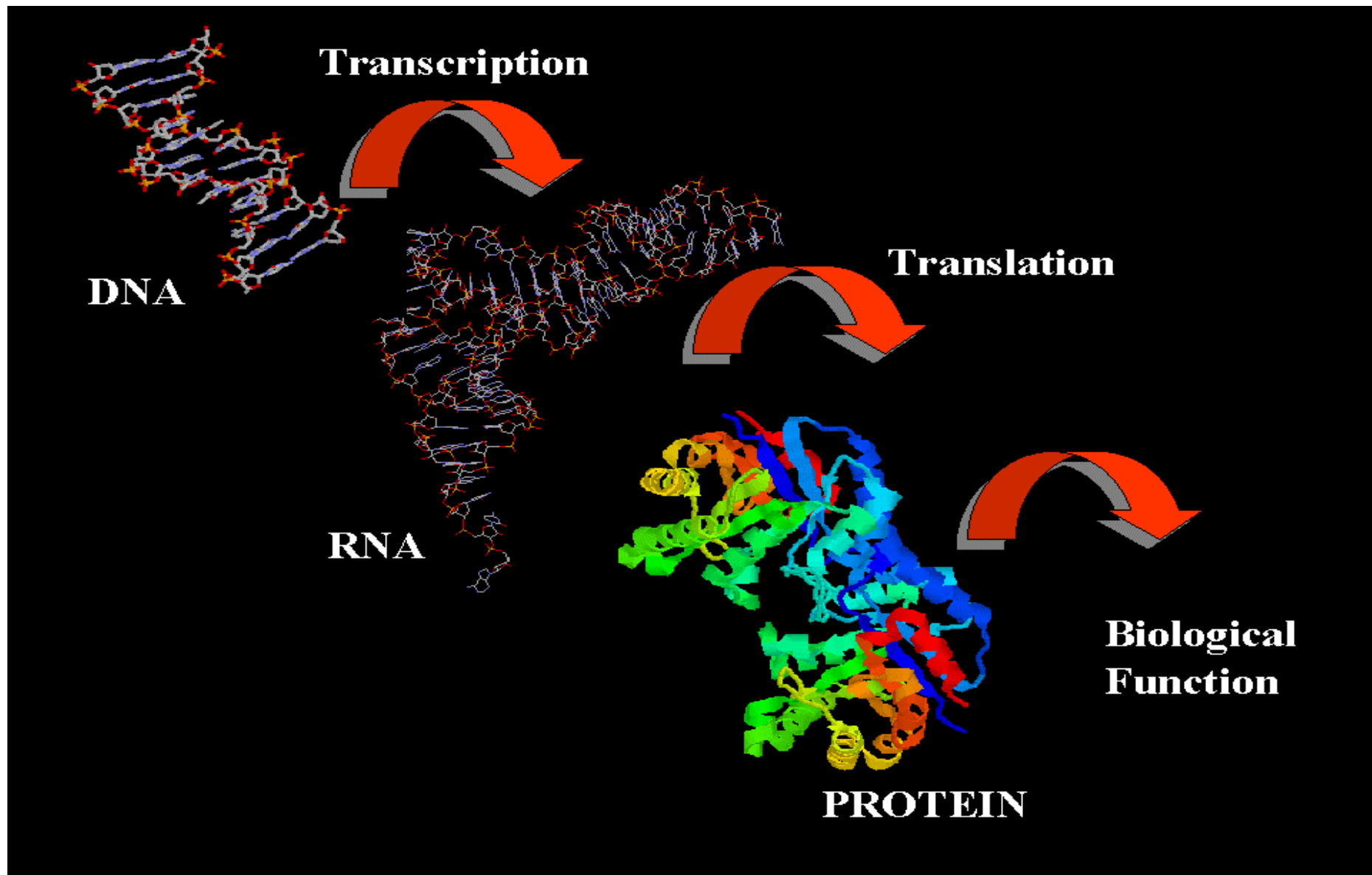


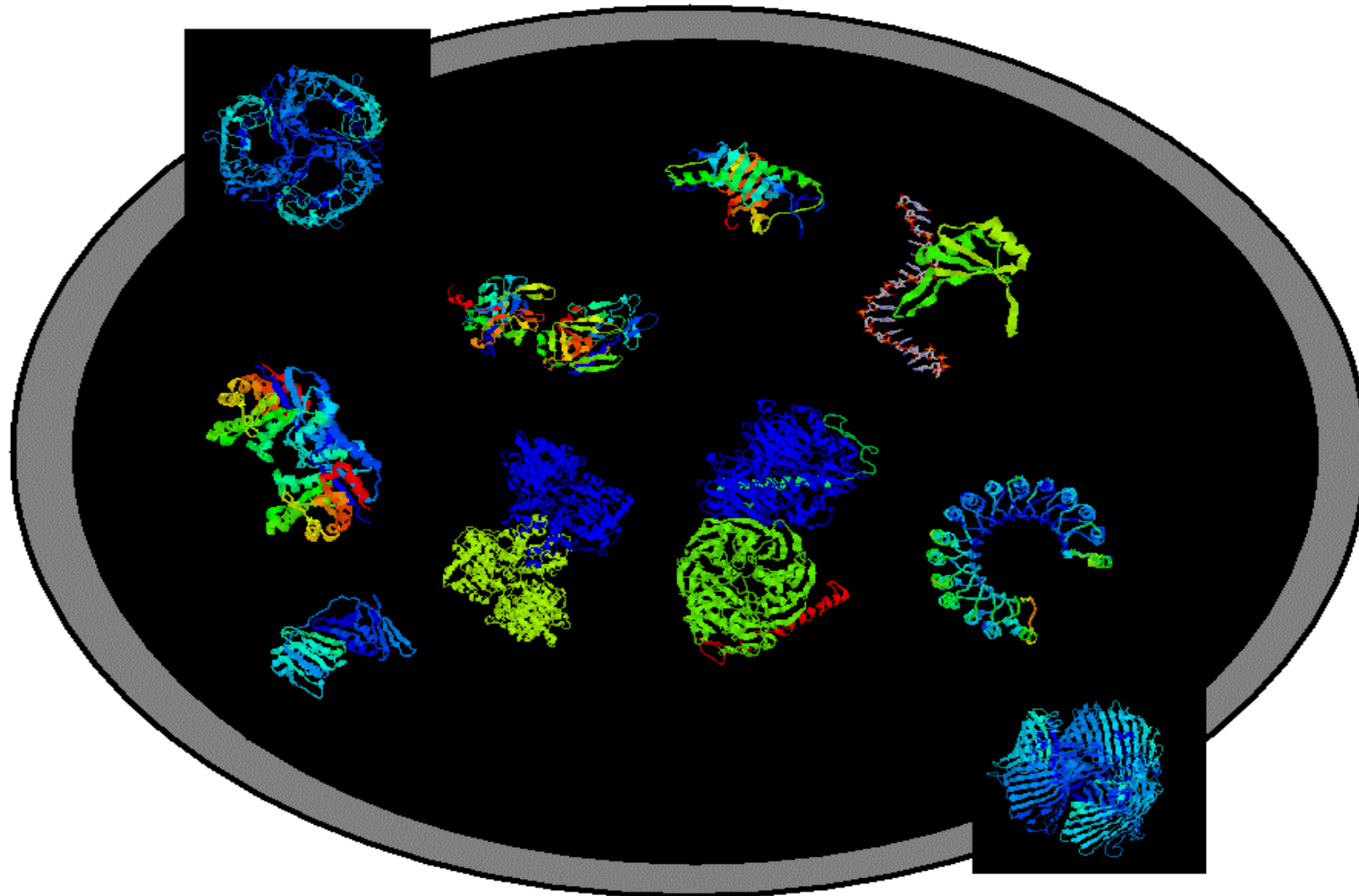
A CASE STUDY

- THE RKIP PATHWAY -

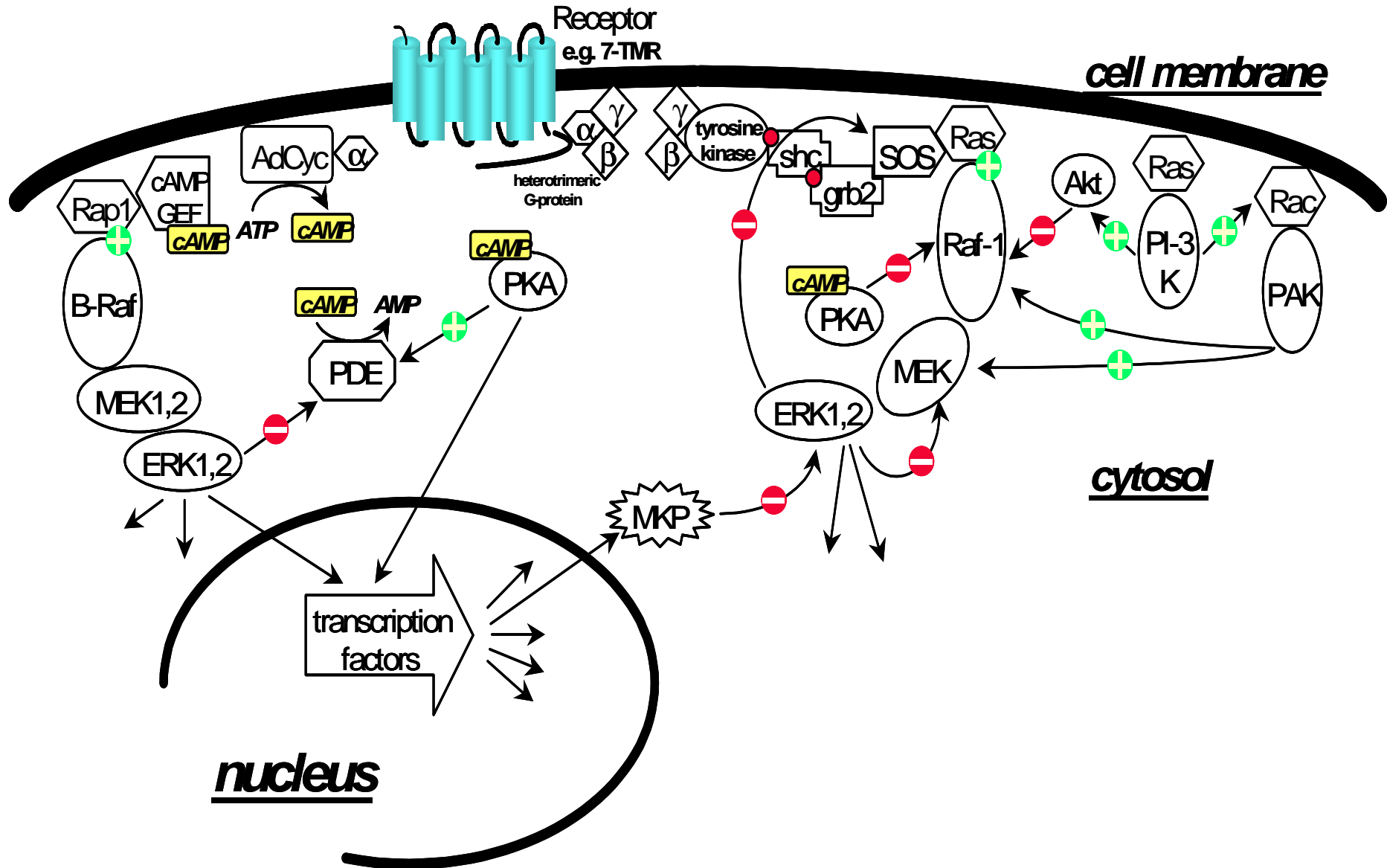
MONIKA HEINER

BRANDENBURG TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY COTTBUS-SENFTENBERG
COMPUTER SCIENCE INSTITUT

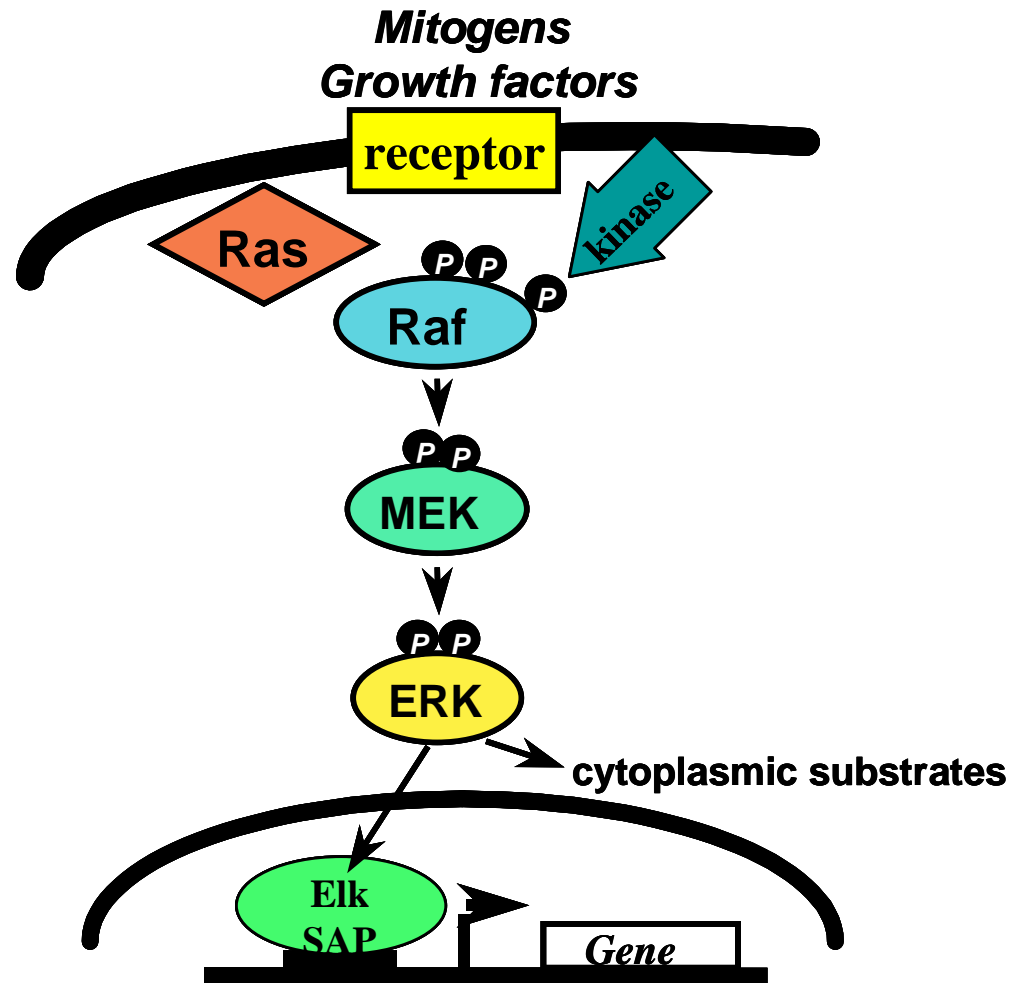


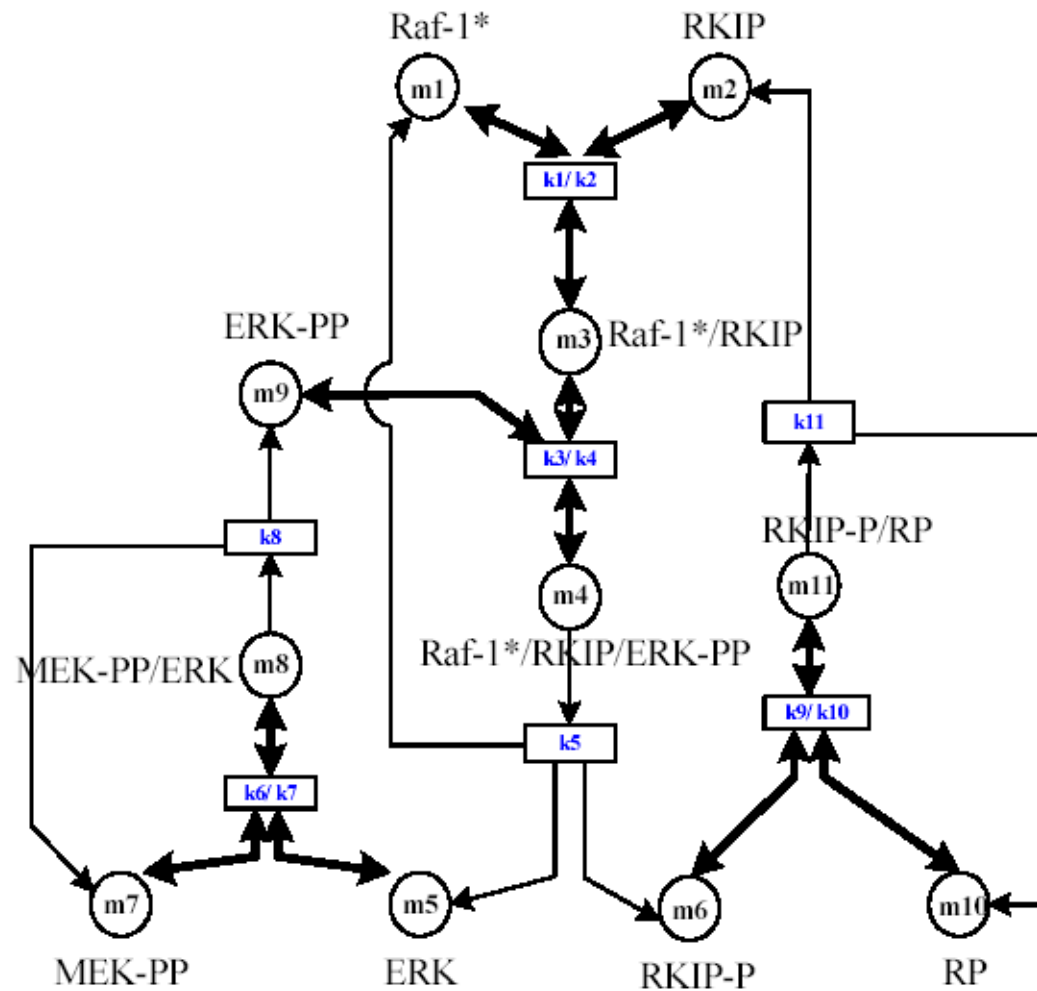


NETWORK REPRESENTATIONS, EX1

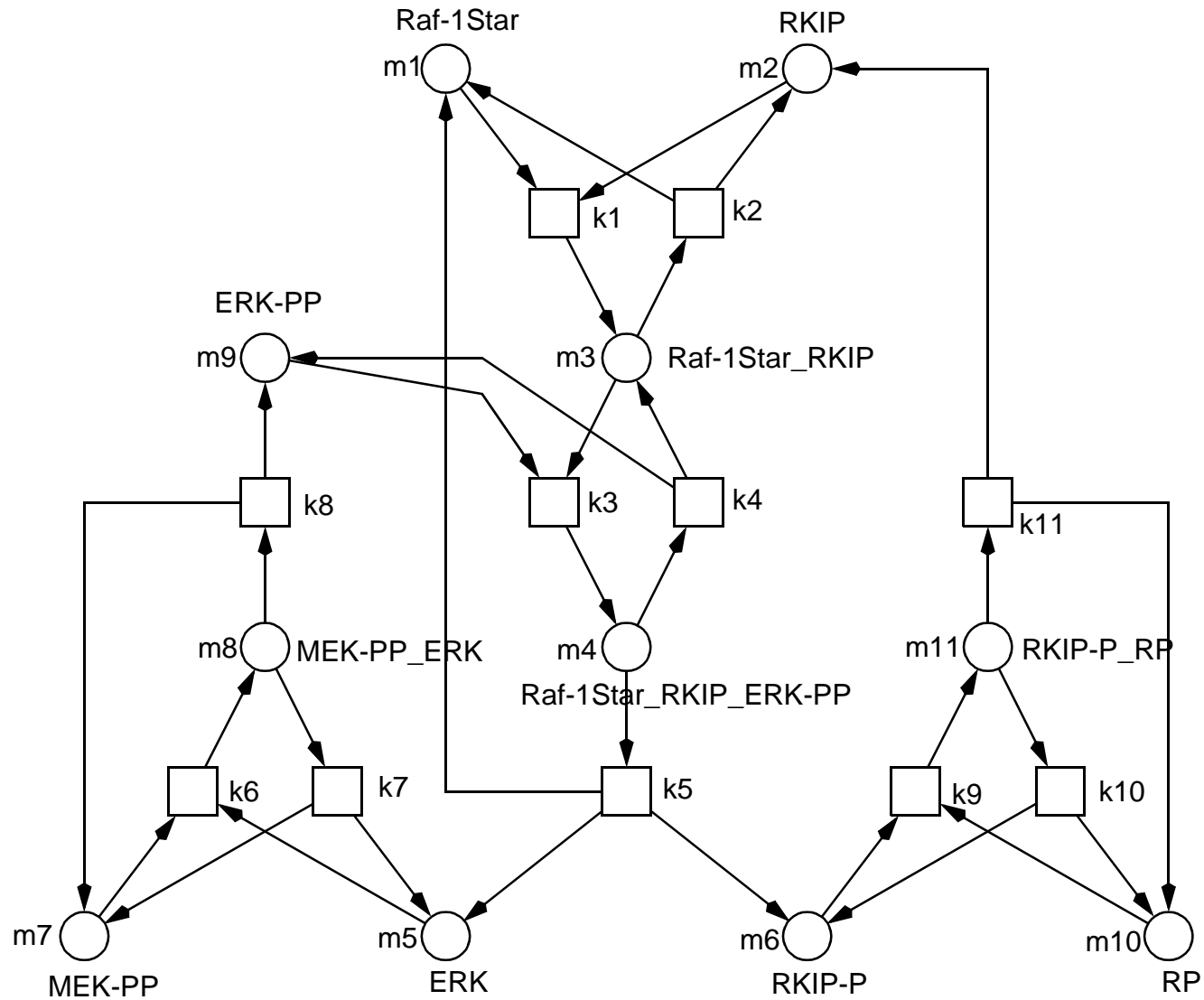


...one pathway...

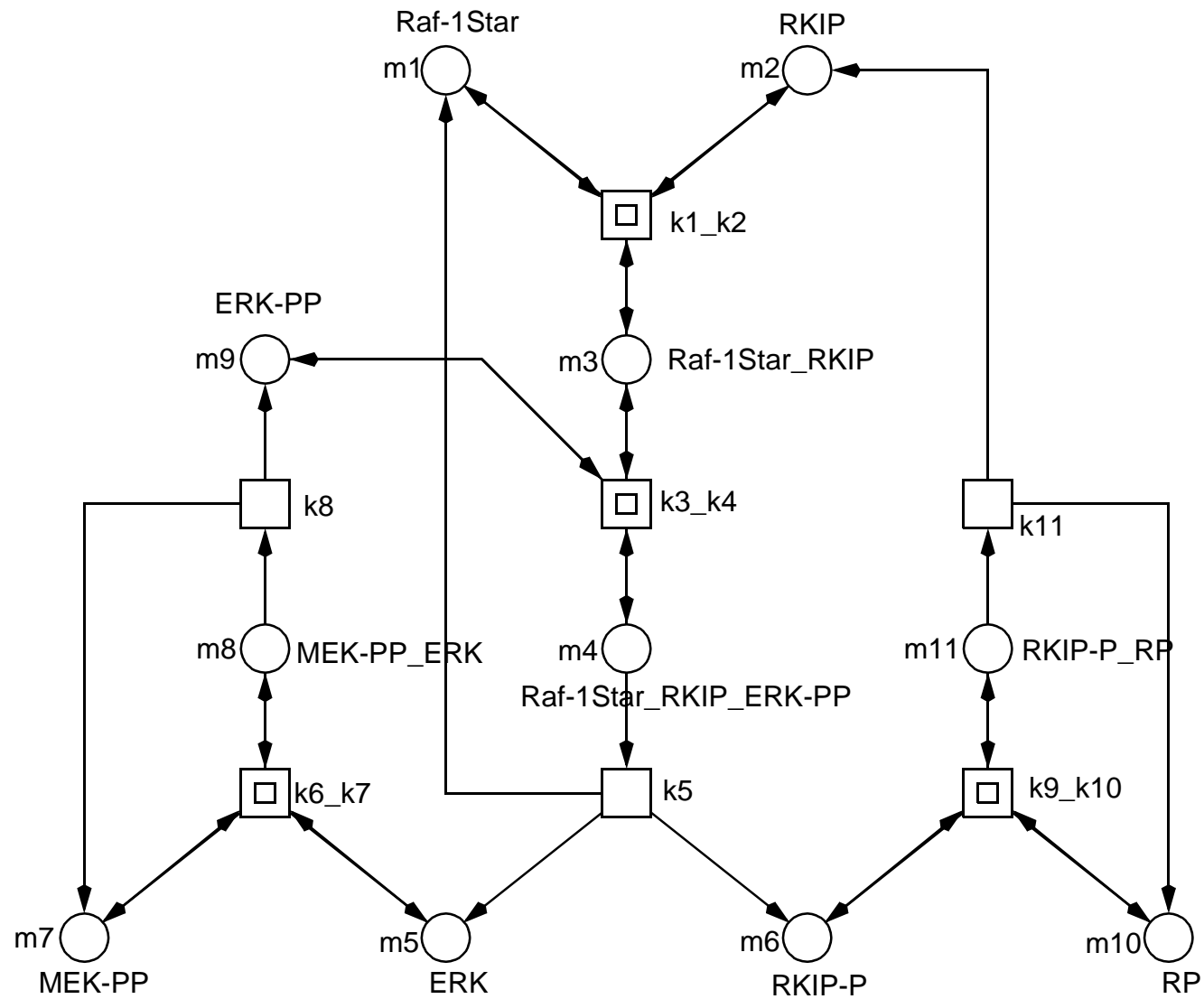




**[Cho et al.,
CMSB 2003]**



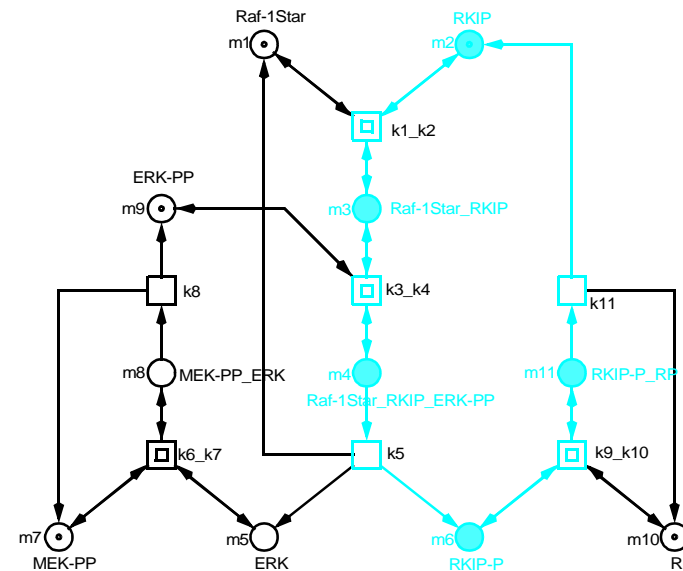
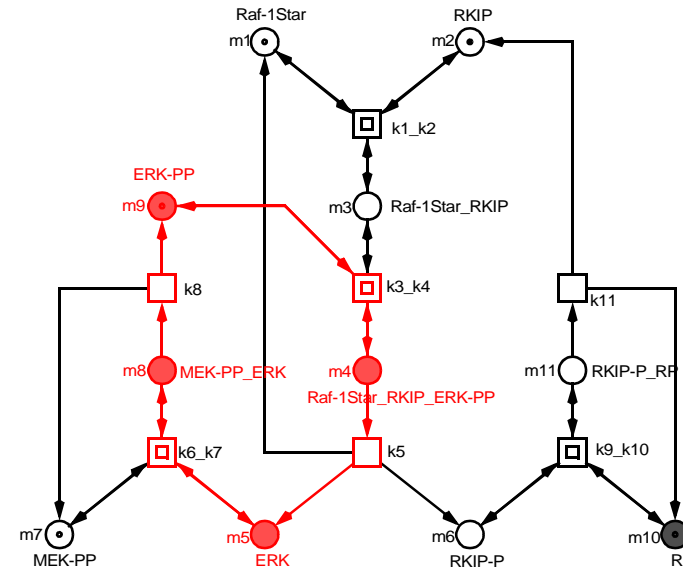
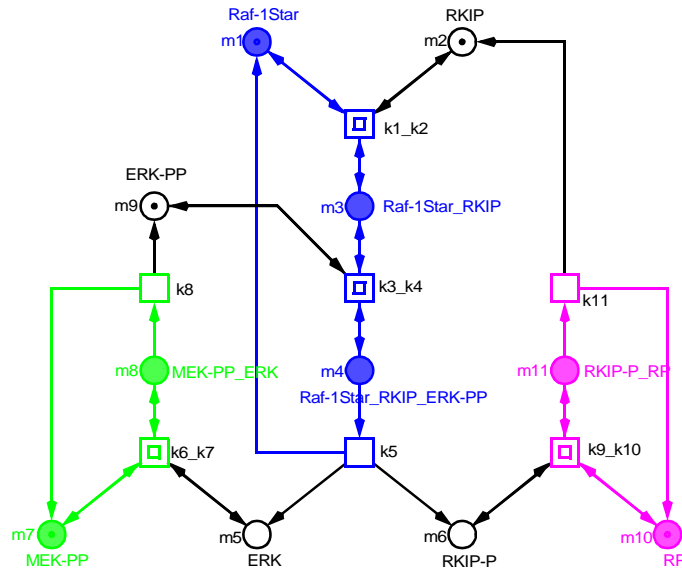
THE RKIP PATHWAY, HIERARCHICAL PETRI NET



QUALITATIVE ANALYSES

STATIC ANALYSES

THE RKIP PATHWAY, P-INVARIANTS



P-INV1: MEK

P-INV2: RAF-1STAR

P-INV3: RP

P-INV4: ERK

P-INV5: RKIP

- ❑ **each P-invariant gets at least one token**
 - > *P-invariants are structural deadlocks and traps*

- ❑ **in signal transduction**
 - > *exactly 1 token, corresponding to species conservation*
 - > *token in least active state*

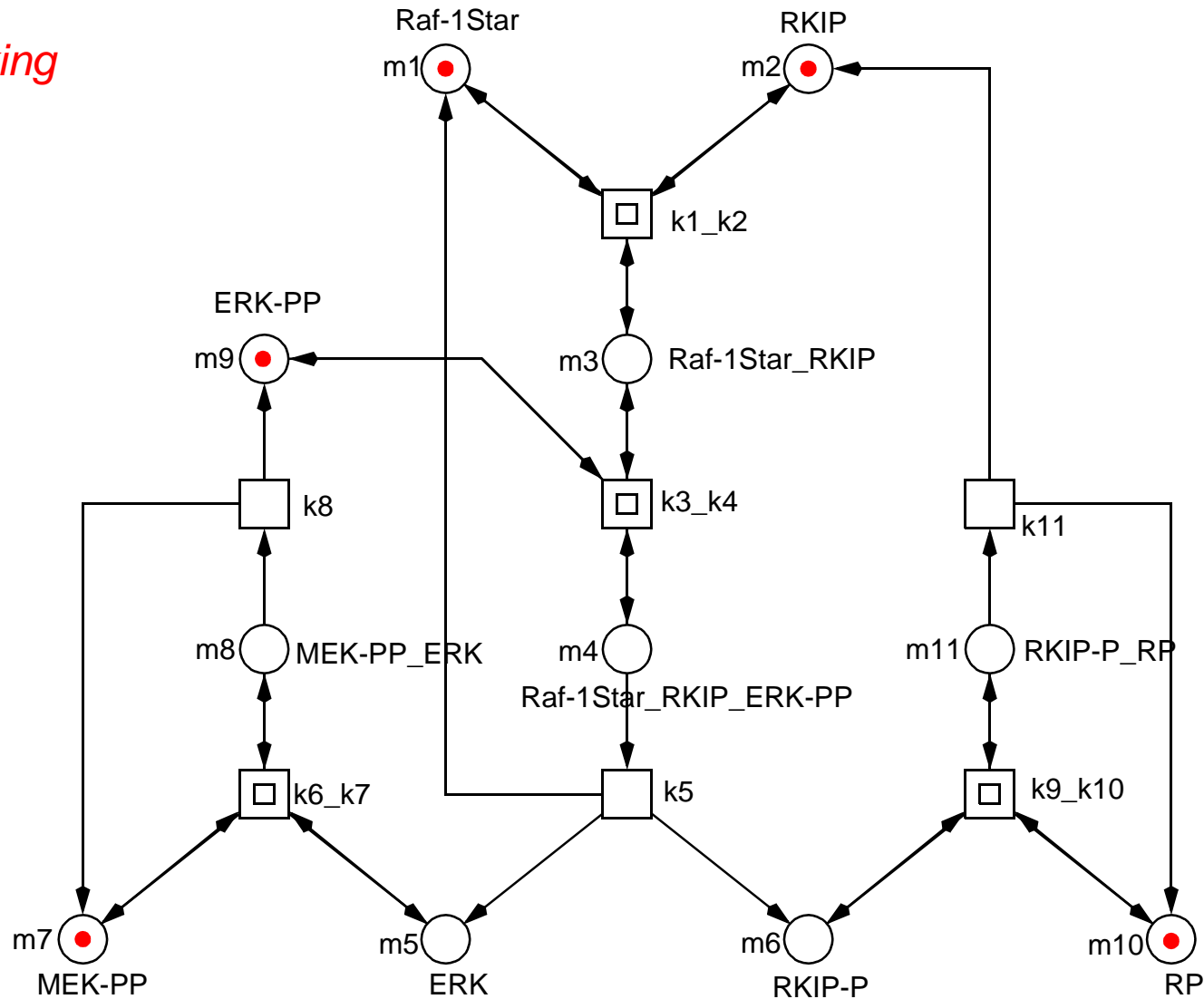
- ❑ **all (non-trivial) T-invariants get realizable**
 - > *to make the net live*

- ❑ **minimal marking**
 - > *minimization of the state space*

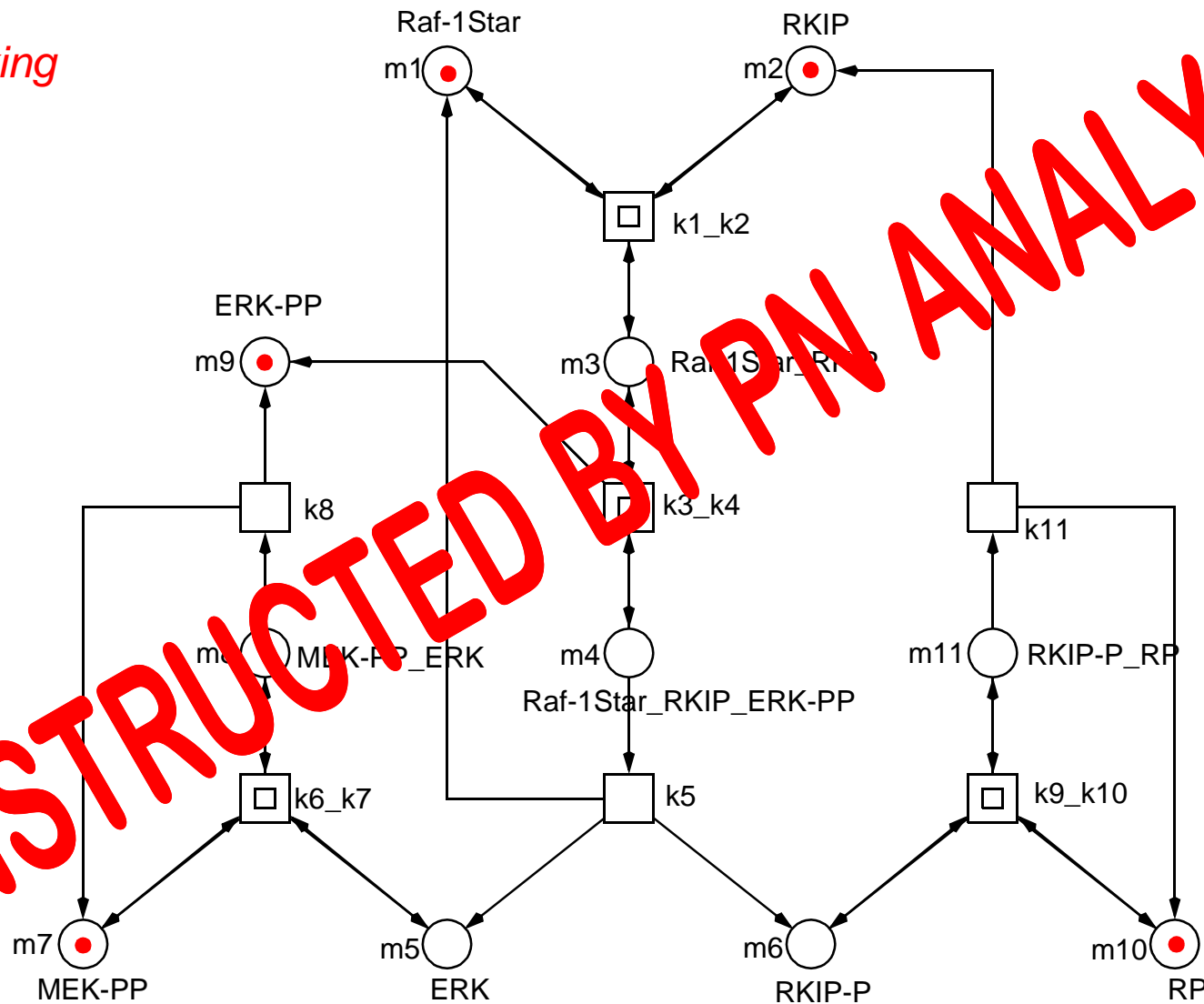
-> UNIQUE INITIAL MARKING <-

THE RKIP PATHWAY, HIERARCHICAL PETRI NET

initial marking

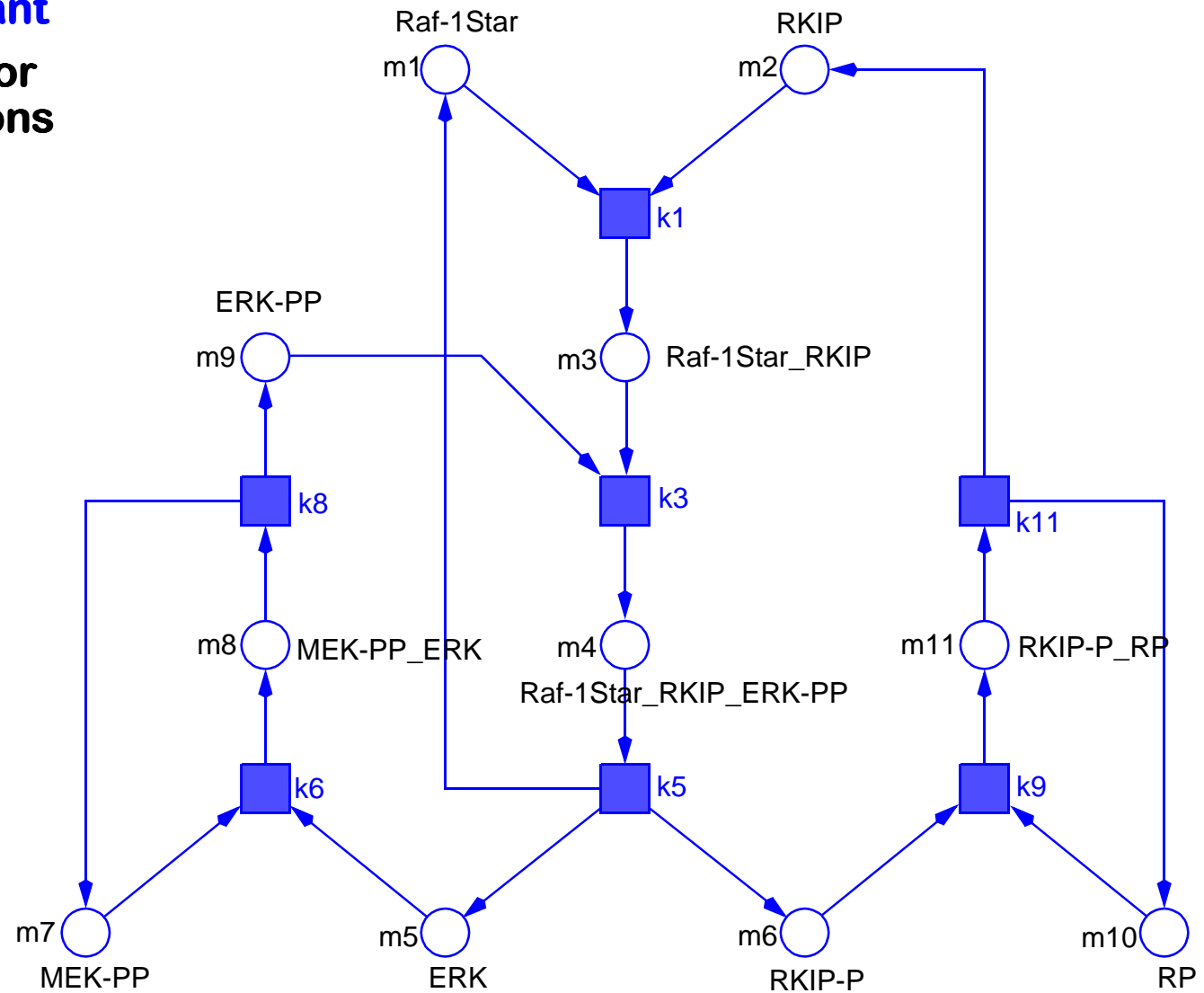


initial marking

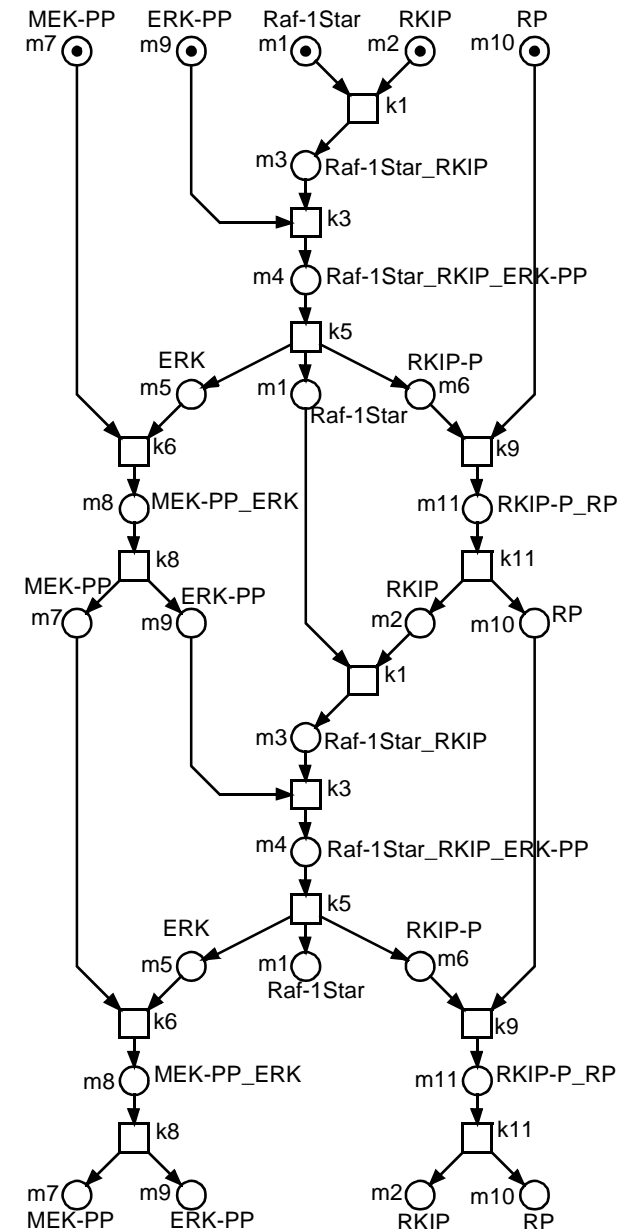


THE RKIP PATHWAY, NON-TRIVIAL T-INVARIANT

-> non-trivial T-invariant
+ four trivial ones for reversible reactions

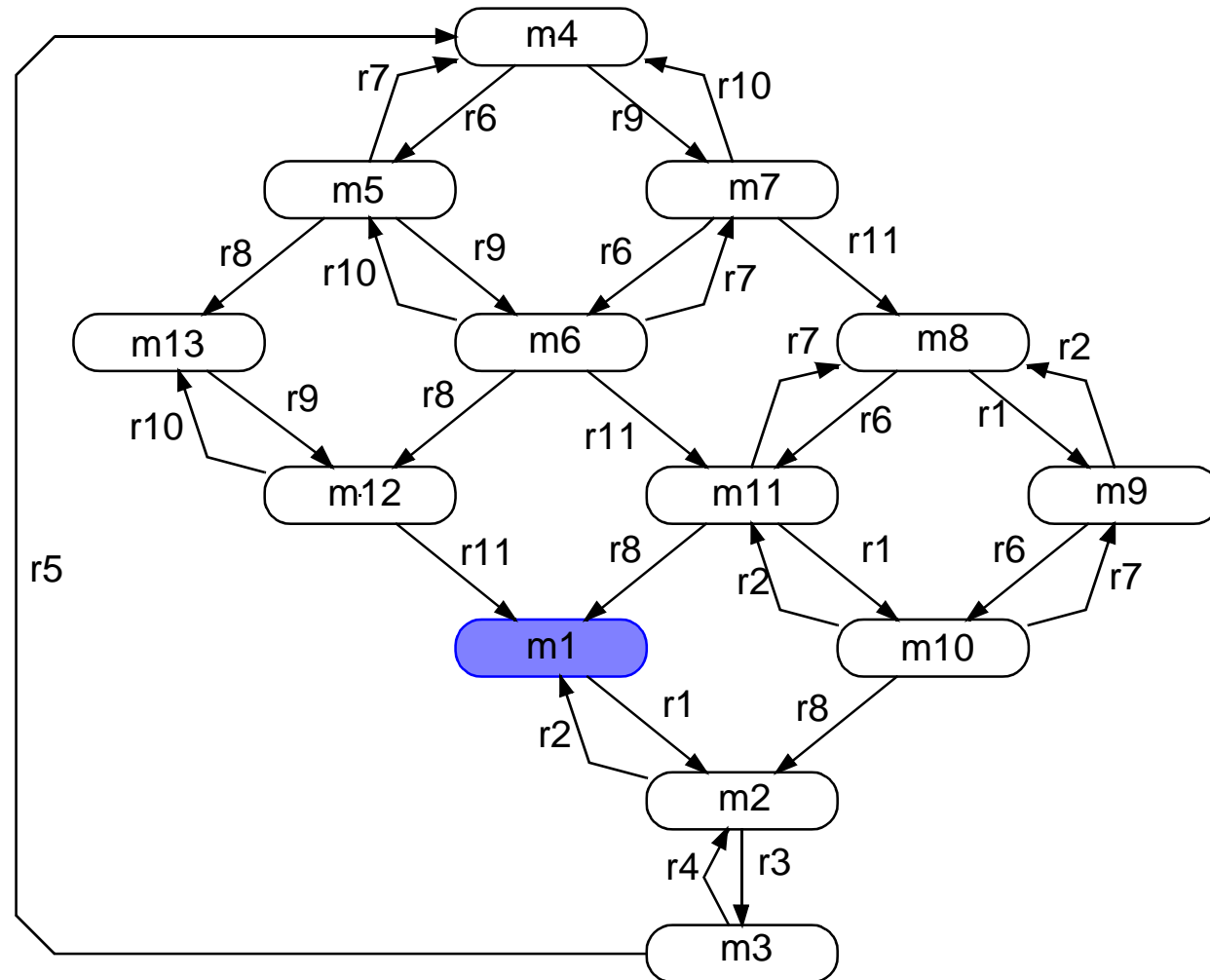


- ❑ realizability check under the constructed marking
- ❑ T-invariant's unfolding to describe its behaviour
 - > **partial order structure**
- ❑ labelled condition / event net
 - > *events (boxes)*
 - *transition occurrences*
 - > *conditions (circles)*
 - *involved compounds*
- ❑ occurrence net
 - > *acyclic*
 - > *no backward branching conditions*
 - > **infinite**



DYNAMIC ANALYSES

- simple algorithm
- nodes : system states
- arcs : the (single) firing transition
- single step firing rule



❑ **property 1**

Is a given (sub-) marking (system state) reachable ?

$EF (ERK * RP);$

❑ **property 2**

Liveness of transition k8 ?

$AG EF (MEK-PP_ERK);$

❑ **property 3**

Is it possible to produce ERK-PP neither creating nor using MEK-PP ?

$E (! MEK-PP \ U \ ERK-PP);$

❑ **property 4**

Is there cyclic behaviour w.r.t. the presence / absence of RKIP ?

$EG ((RKIP \rightarrow EF (! RKIP)) * (! RKIP \rightarrow EF (RKIP)));$

❑ validation criterion 1

- > *all expected structural properties hold*
- > *all expected general behavioural properties hold*

❑ validation criterion 2

- > *CTI*
- > *no minimal T-invariant without biological interpretation*
- > *no known biological behaviour without corresponding T-invariant*

❑ validation criterion 3

- > *CPI*
- > *no minimal P-invariant without biological interpretation (?)*

❑ validation criterion 4

- > *all expected special behavioural properties hold*
- > *temporal-logic properties -> TRUE*

**NOW WE ARE READY
FOR SOPHISTICATED
QUANTITATIVE ANALYSES !**

- **quantitative model = qualitative model + quantitative parameters**

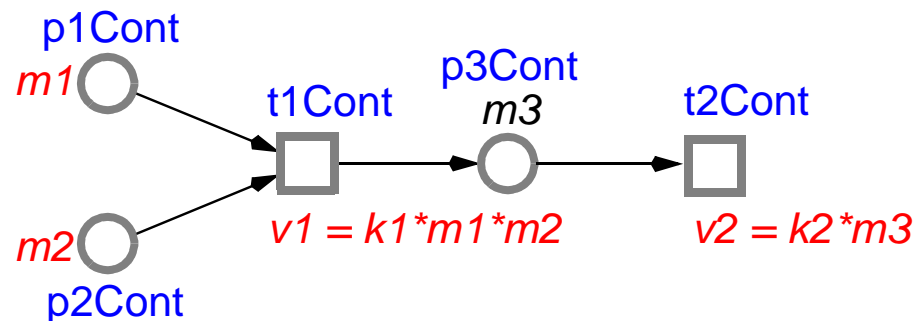
-> *known or estimated quantitative parameters*

- **typical quantitative parameters of bionetworks**

-> *compound concentrations* -> *real numbers*

-> *reaction rates / fluxes* -> *concentration-dependent*

- **continuous Petri nets**



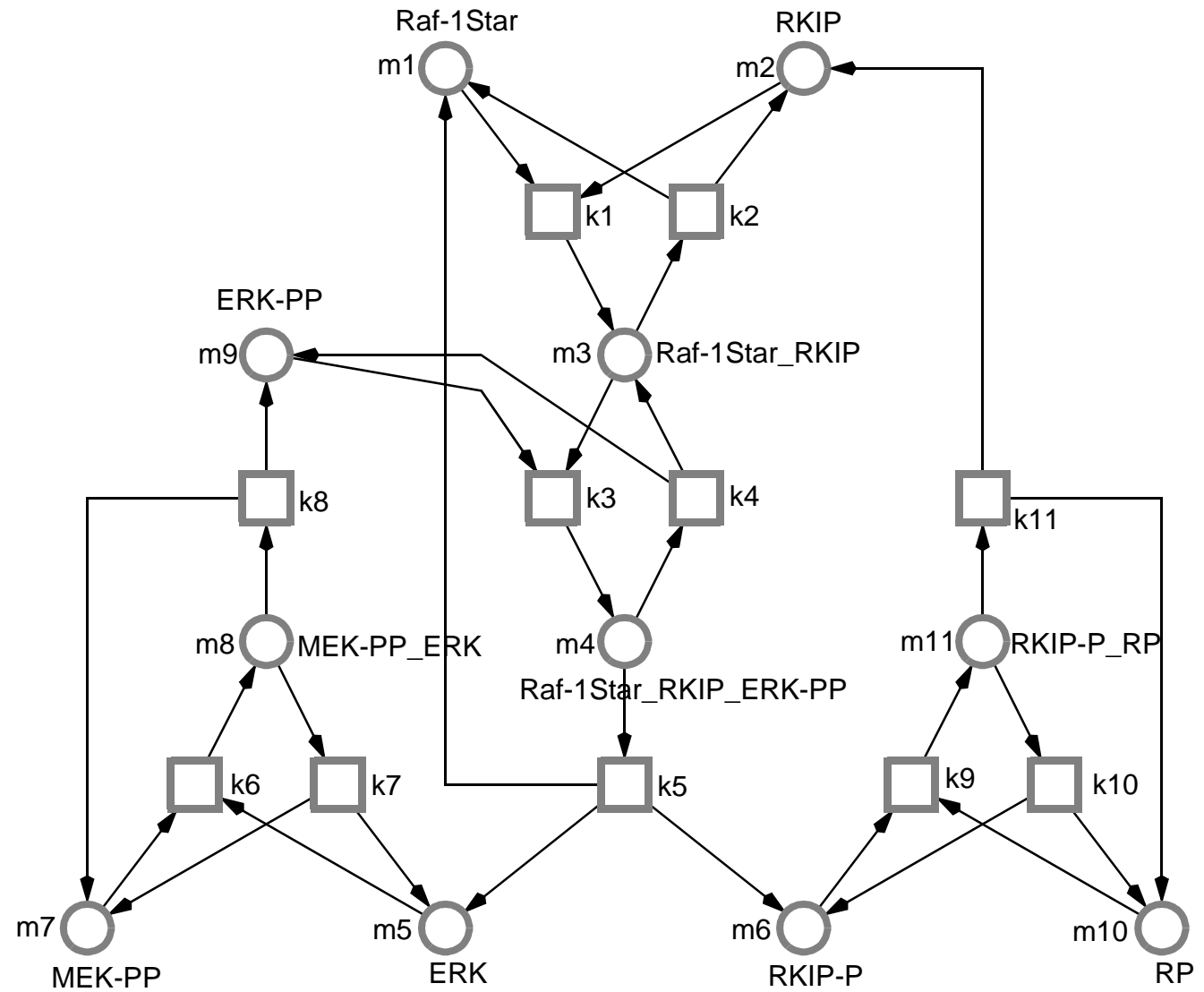
continuous nodes !

$$dm1 / dt = dm2 / dt = - v1$$

$$dm3 / dt = v1 - v2$$

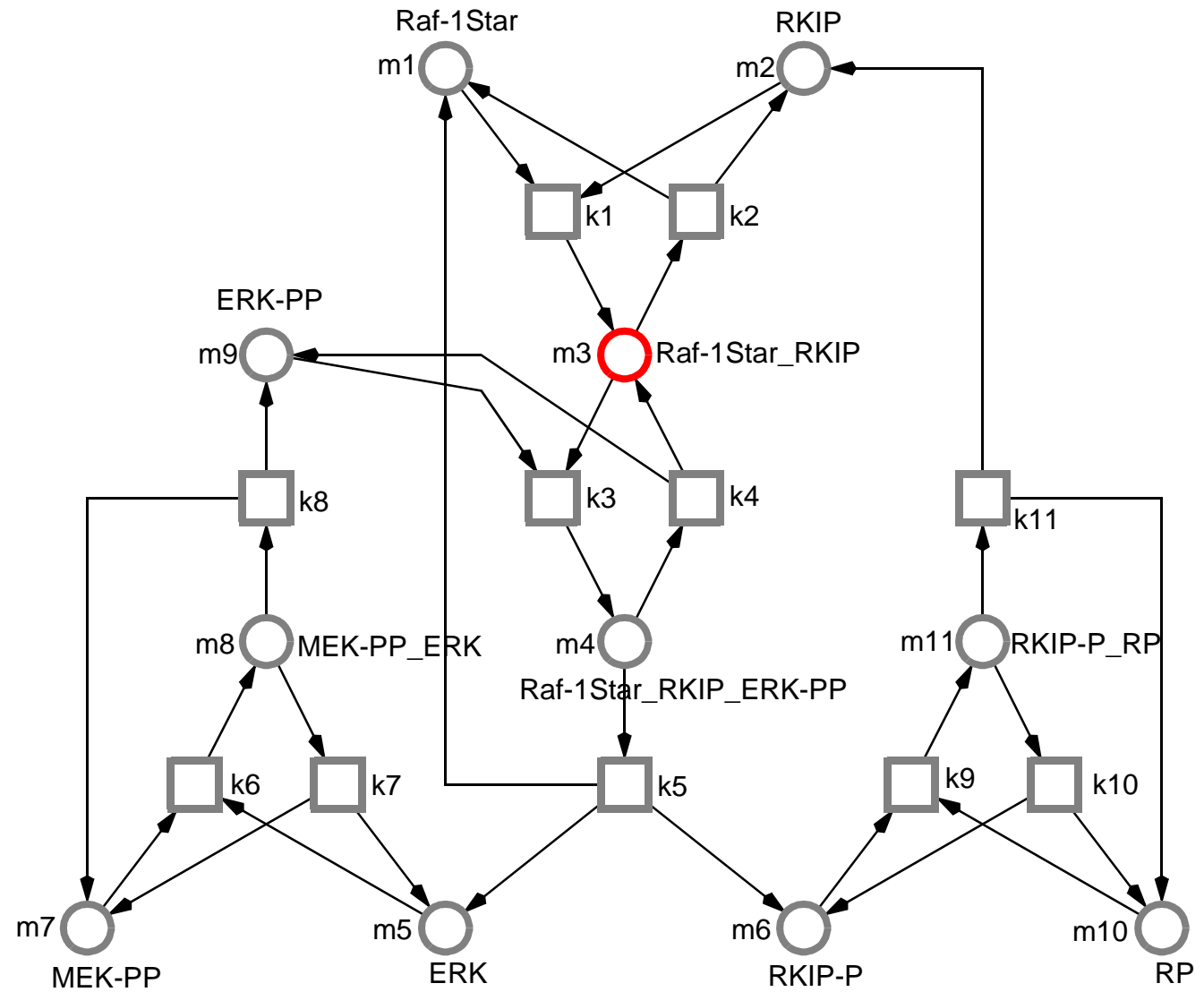
} **ODEs**

THE RKIP PATHWAY, CONTINUOUS PETRI NET



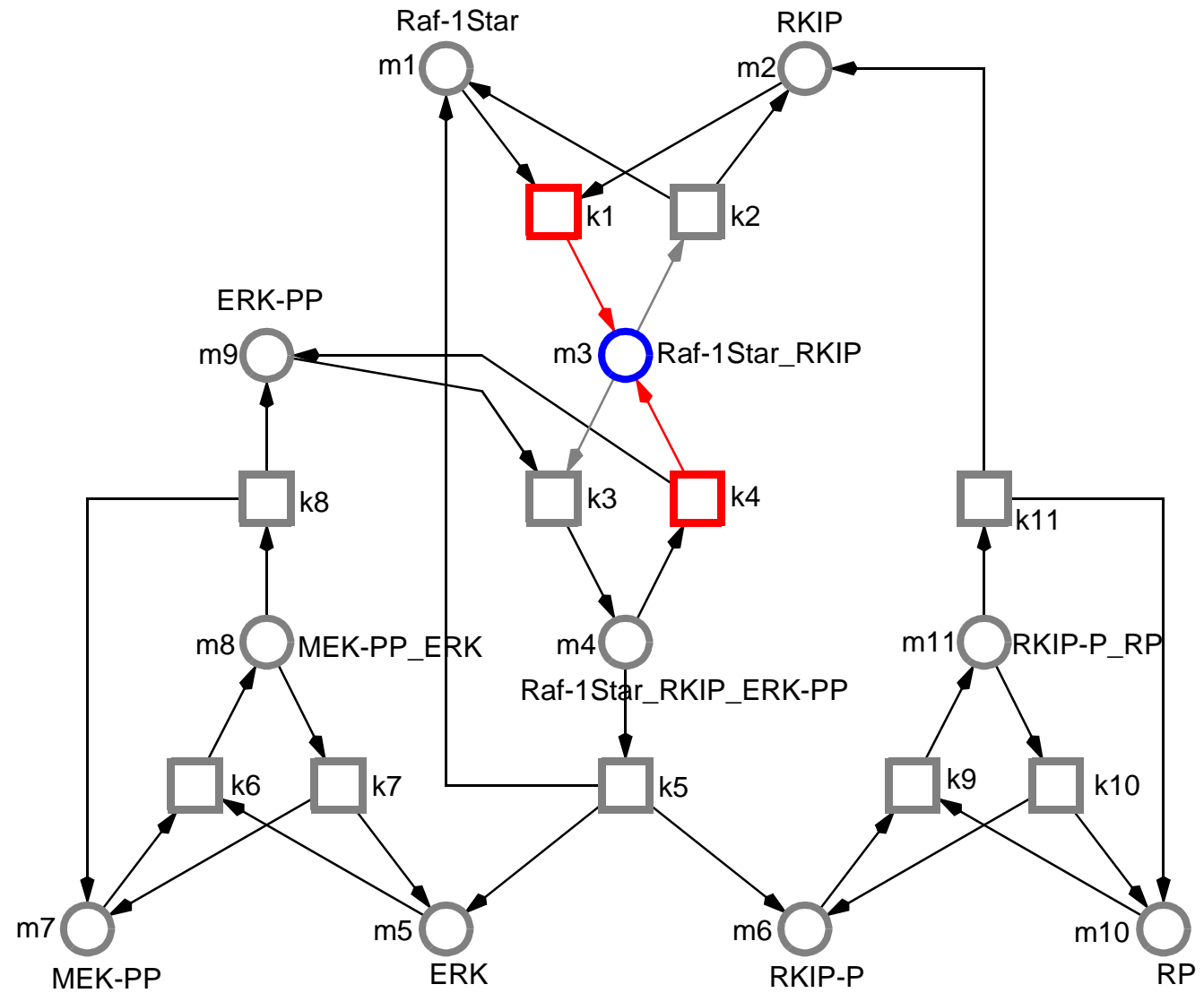
THE RKIP PATHWAY, CONTINUOUS PETRI NET

$$\frac{dm_3}{dt} =$$



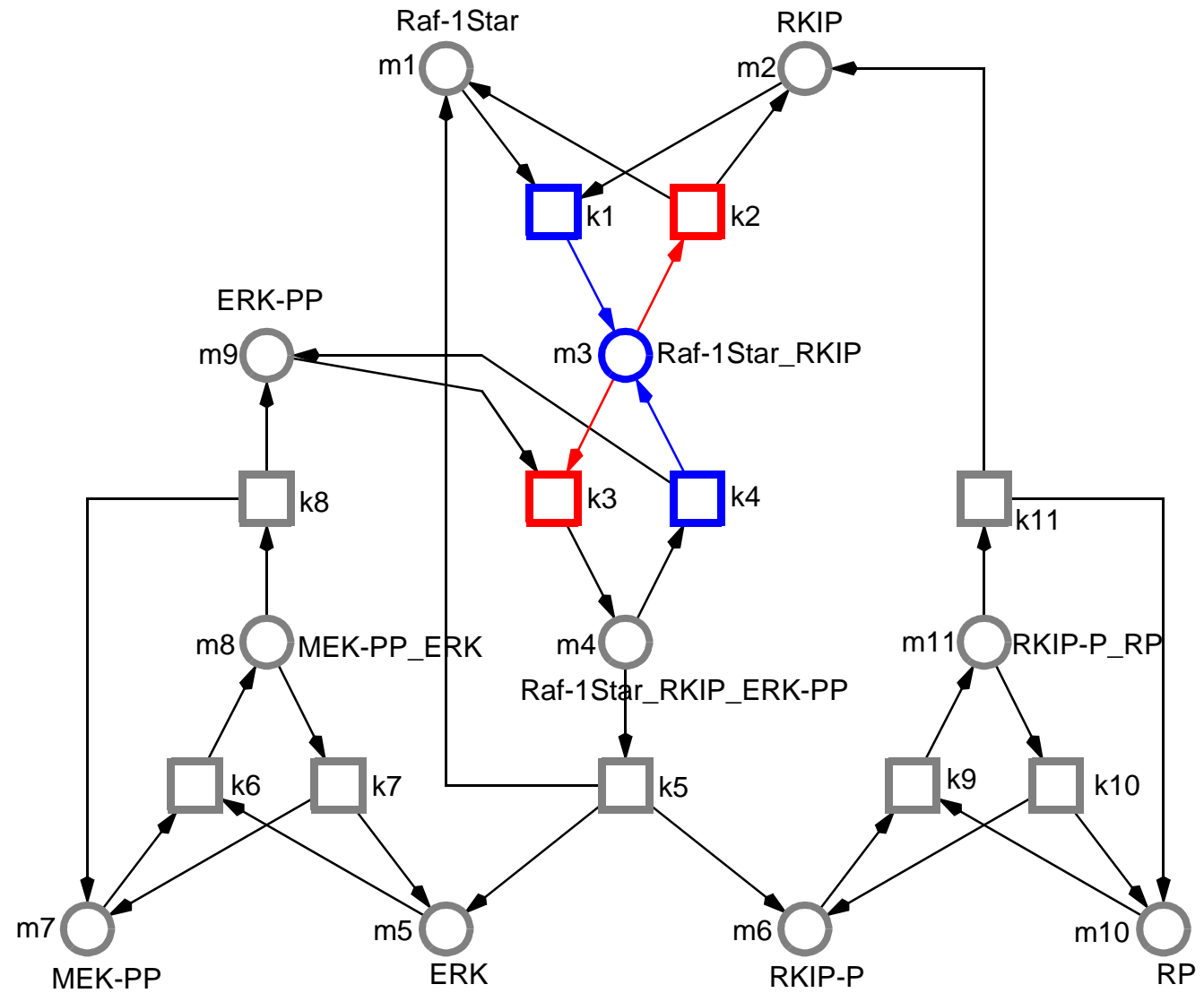
THE RKIP PATHWAY, CONTINUOUS PETRI NET

$$\frac{dm_3}{dt} = +r_1 + r_4$$



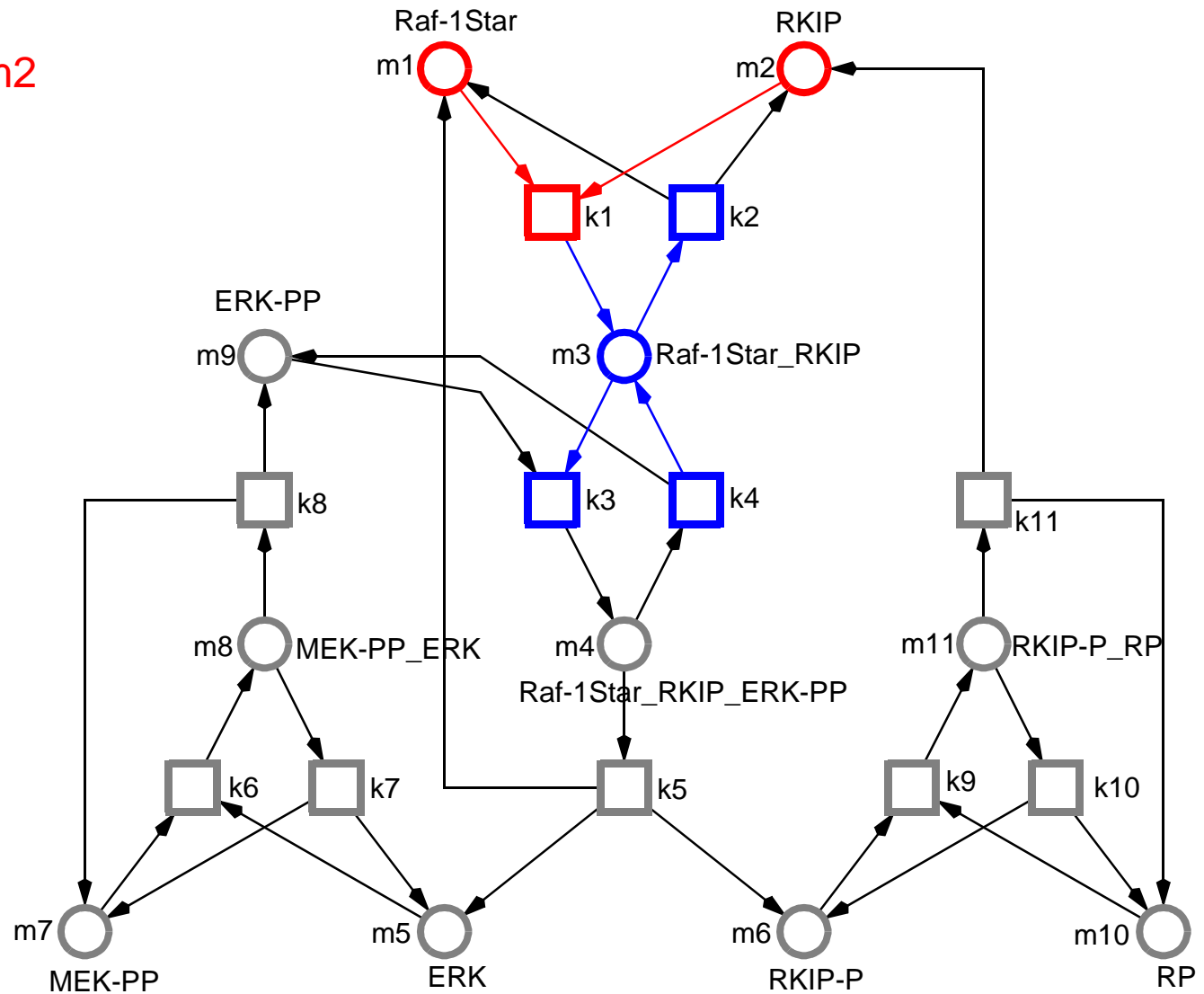
THE RKIP PATHWAY, CONTINUOUS PETRI NET

$$\frac{dm_3}{dt} = +r_1 + r_4 - r_2 - r_3$$



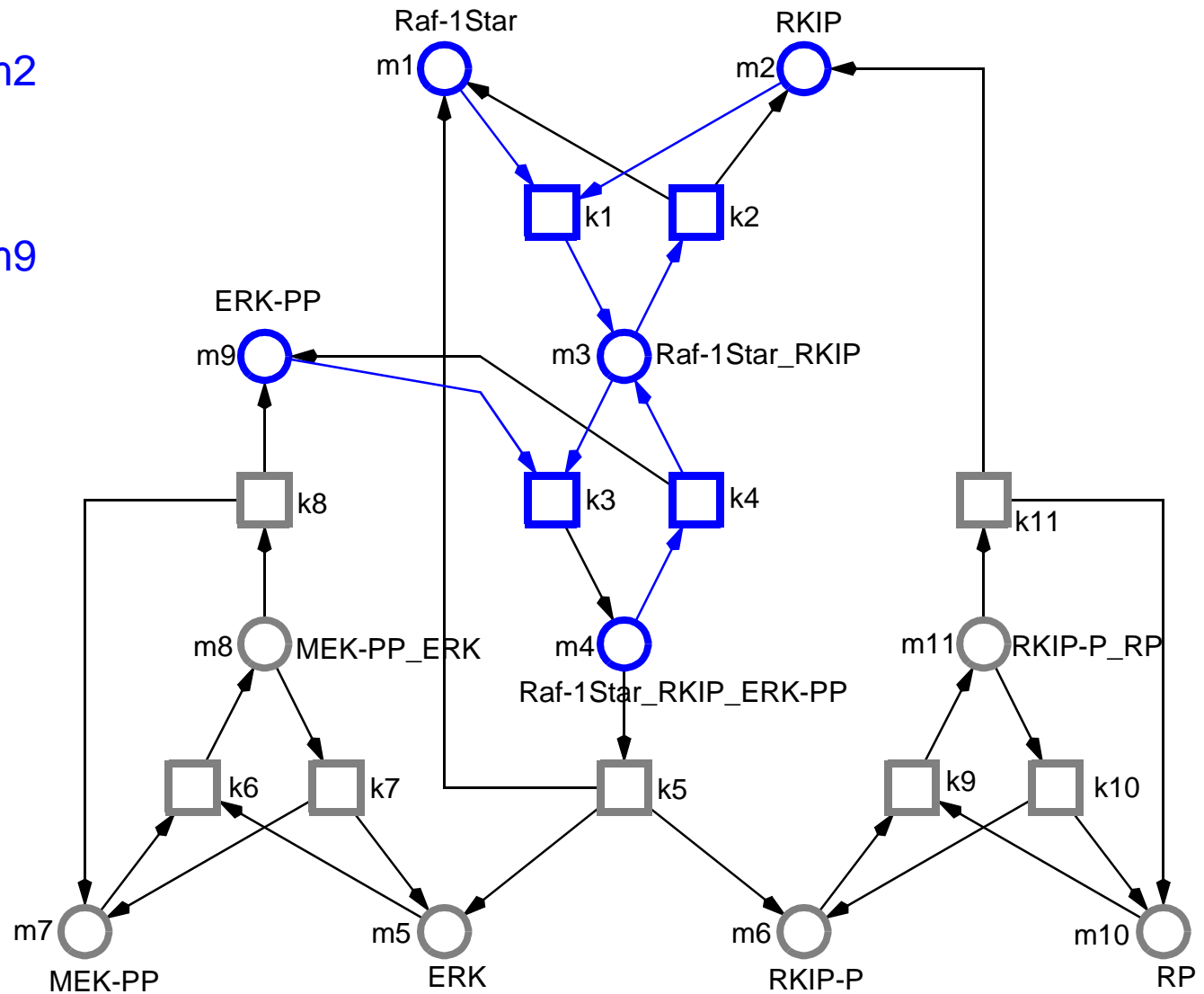
THE RKIP PATHWAY, CONTINUOUS PETRI NET

$$\frac{dm3}{dt} = +k1 * m1 * m2 + r4 - r2 - r3$$



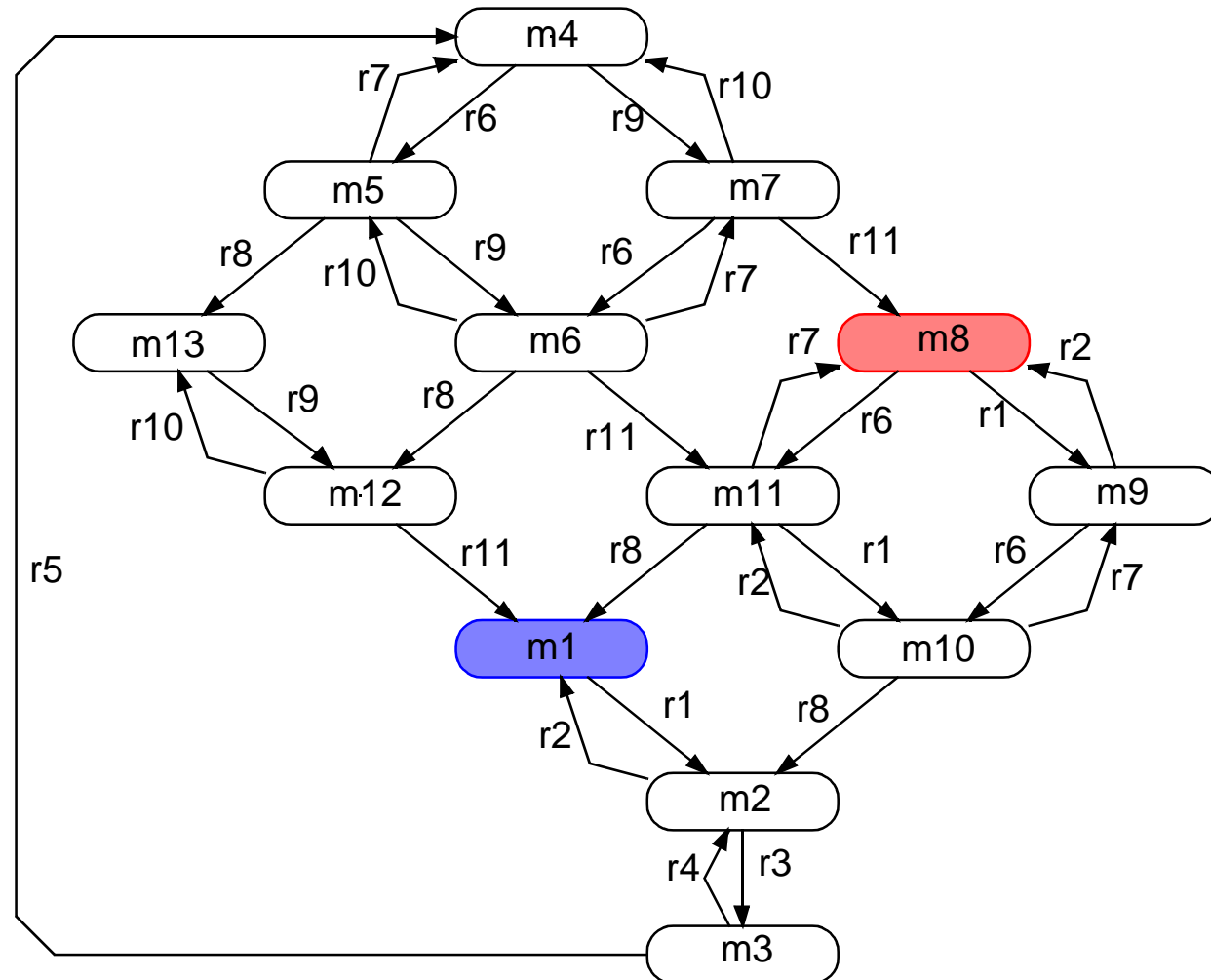
THE RKIP PATHWAY, CONTINUOUS PETRI NET

$$\frac{dm_3}{dt} = +k_1 * m_1 * m_2 + k_4 * m_4 - k_2 * m_3 - k_3 * m_3 * m_9$$



**THE QUALITATIVE MODEL
BECOMES
THE STRUCTURED DESCRIPTION
OF THE QUANTITATIVE MODEL !**

- **simple algorithm**
- **nodes :**
system states
- **arcs :**
the (single) firing transition
- **single step firing rule**

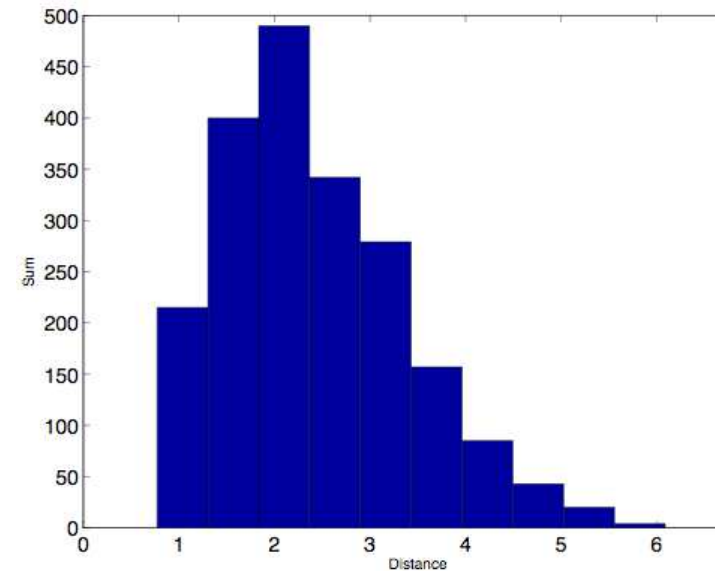


Species	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	S10	S11	S12	S13
Raf-1*	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
RKIP	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Raf-1*_RKIP	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Raf-1*_RKIP_ERK-PP	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ERK	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
RKIP-P	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MEK-PP	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
MEK-PP_ERK	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
ERK-PP	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
RP	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
RKIP-P_RP	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0

Cho et al

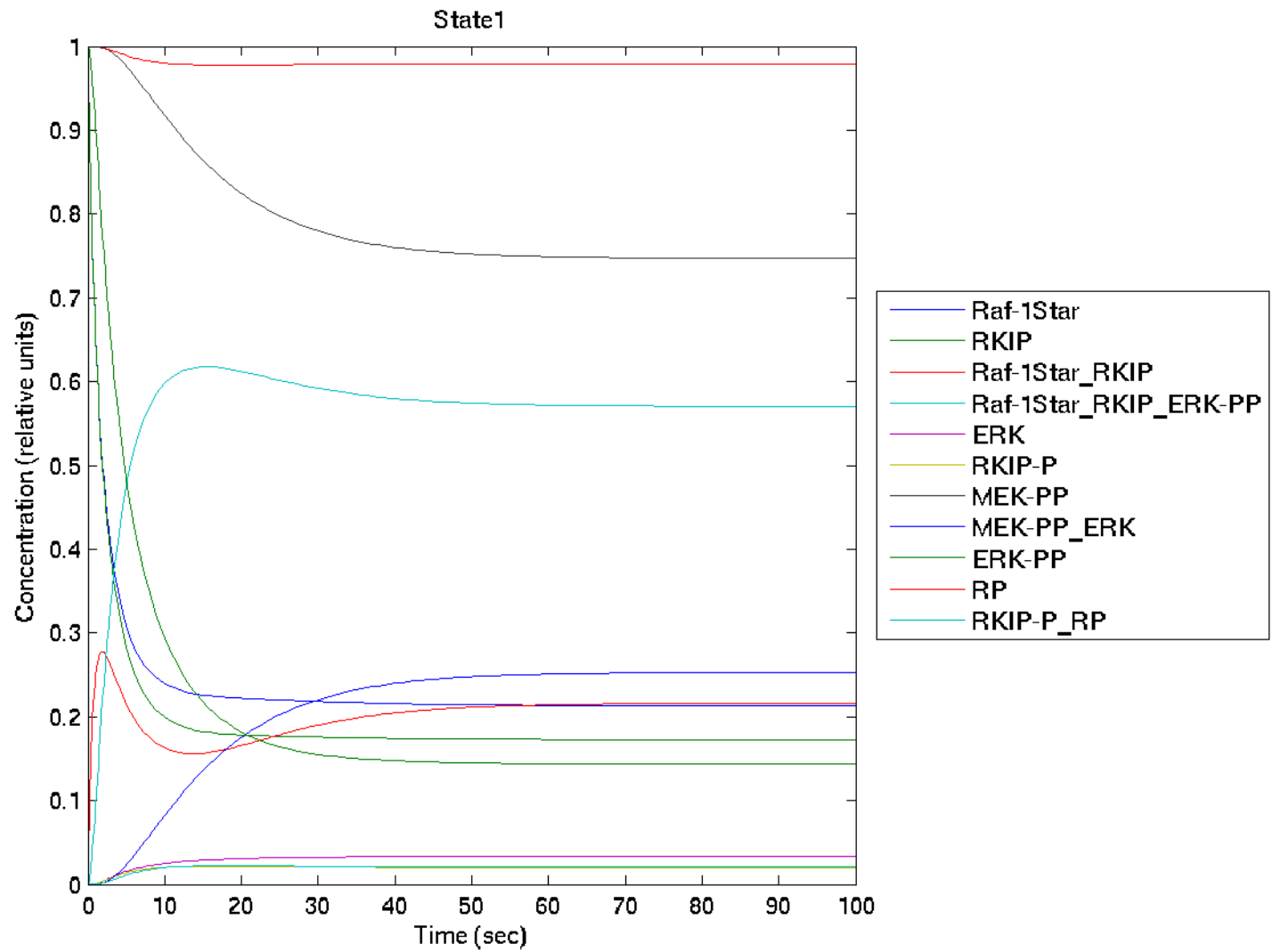
Biochemist

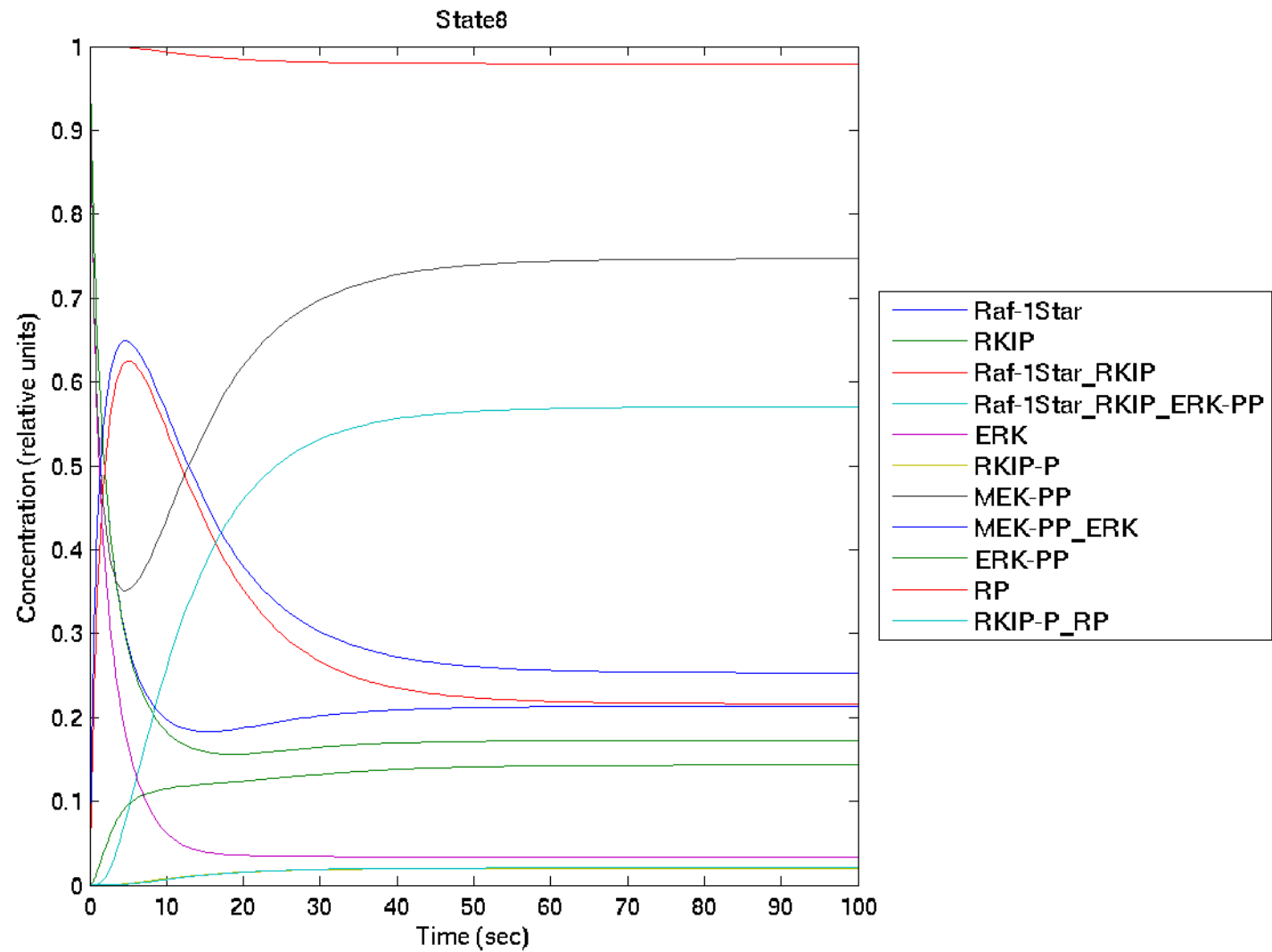
13 "good" state configurations

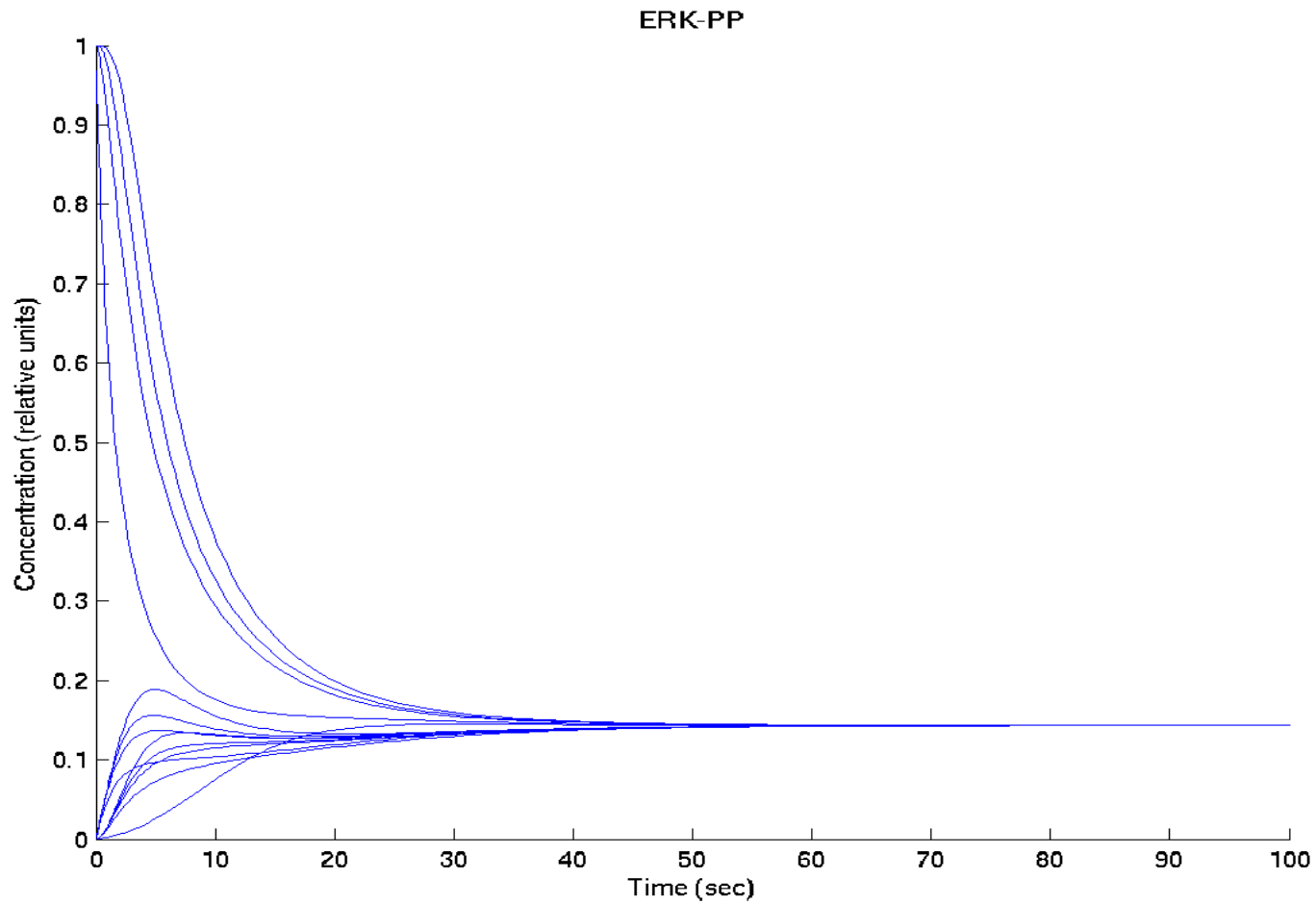


Distribution of 'bad' steady states as euclidean distances from the 'good' final steady state

the "bad" ones







□ representation of bionetworks by Petri nets

- > *partial order representation*
- > *formal semantics*
- > *unifying view*

- > *better comprehension*
- > *sound analysis techniques*

□ purposes

- > *animation*
- > *model validation against consistency criteria*
- > *qualitative / quantitative behaviour prediction*

- > *to experience the model*
- > *to increase confidence*
- > *new insights*

□ two-step model development

- > *qualitative model* -> *discrete Petri nets*
- > *quantitative model* -> *continuous Petri nets = ODEs*